[NUMB. 1893.]

South-Carolina GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1772.

New Advertisements.

For SALE, by private Contract,

THIRTY very convenient well situated LOTS of LAND; some of which front on *Ashley-River*, and all on airy, good Streets.—The Foundation a stiff Clay.

ALSO, Twelve Low-Water LOTS, Runing to the Channel of the said River, capable of being improved to great Advantage.——The Purchasers may have what Front they chuse, and Wharfage of their Goods *Free* for *Two Years*, with several Years Credit, on paying the Interest annually. Apply to WILLIAM GIBBES.

*** There is excellent Water on the said Land.

Wanted to be done immediately,

A STONE WALL, twelve Hundred Feet in Length, and eight Feet high.——Also to be run out on the Low-Water Flat, before the above Land, a WHARF, three Hundred Feet in Length, and Fifty Feet wide; to be done with Palmetto Logs. Any Person inclinable to undertake either, must apply as above.

To be SOLD,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND on *Cooſaw-batchie*, adjoining Lands of *John Drayton*, Esq; and Lands laid out to *Laurence Saunders*, containing One Thousand Acres.

Also a TRACT of Nine Hundred Acres on *Savannah-River*, above the *Red Bluff*; bounding, South-West, on said River, and on a Corner of *Margaret Durſt*'s Land; South-East, on Lands laid out to *Edward Kirtland*.——The greatest Part of the above Tracts is choice Swamp, and the high Land is very proper for Corn, Indico, or Hemp. Apply to WILLIAM GIBBES.

ALEXANDER GILLON

Has brought from *Hamburgh* and *Holland*,

A very large Aſſortment of Goods,

Bought from the FIRST HANDS for CASH,

Which he will ſell, at his Store in BROAD-STREET, *very cheap, and great Abatement will be made to thoſe who buy for Ready Money, or to ſell again:*

AMONGST WHICH GOODS ARE,

HOLLANDS, Ruſſia, Sileſia, and Flanders Sheeting and Shirting Linens, of various Breadths and [illegible] striped Dimitty; Damaſk Table-Cloths; Breakfaſt Ditto; Diaper Tabling and Napkining; Silk Bolting Cloths of all Sorts; ſtriped Linens and Ginghams; Bed-Ticks; Handkerchiefs; Oſnabrugs; Ruſſia Canvaſs; Flemiſh Ditto; Heſſens Ditto; Spruce Ditto; Raven's Duck, and Ruſſia Drab.

Linſeed Oil, at 22*s.* 6*d.* per Gallon (per Caſk) and 25*s.* per Gallon (per ſmaller Quantity) White Lead in Oil, in Kegs; dry Ditto; Vermillion; Brimſtone; a few Kegs of Dutch Herrings; Cruzibles; Looking-Glaſſes; French Horns; Fiddles; German Flutes: Toys; Boxes of Images, and Sets of Children's Tea-Furniture; Pencils; Sealing Wax, and Wafers; Hair-Pins; Combs; Trap Bird-Cages, that ſet themſelves; ſmall Ditto; Cloſe-Stools; all Sorts of Chimney Tiles, amongſt which are ſome very fine Figure Tiles; Smoaking Pipes, at 40*s.* the Groſs; empty Caſes of all Sizes; Bottles for Ditto; red Hearth Tiles; three Gallon Jugs; two Gallon Ditto; one Gallon and an Half Ditto; one Gallon Ditto; Butter-Pots; Chamber-Pots; Quart and Pint Mugs; and very ſtrong Hand Carts.

Has alſo juſt received from LONDON,

TAFFATIES of different Colours; a large Choice of handſome Ribbons; beautiful printed Linens, Cottons, and Callicoes; a Variety of Thread and Blond Laces and Edgings; a few Pair of very fine Lace and Gauze Lappets and Men's Ruffles; Cambricks and Lawns; Barcelona Handkerchiefs; Sewing Silks; Cruels; Silk, Cotton, brown and white Thread Mens, Womens, Boys, and Girl's Hoſe; Mens and Women's Gloves; Checks; all Kinds of Thread; Thread Taſſels and Curtain Lines; Stuff Shoes and Pumps; japanned Tea-Urns;—an Aſſortment of Ironmongery and Hard-Ware; Plantation Tools, and Nails of all Kinds; Bohea-Tea; Spices; Loaf-Sugar; Gun-Powder; Shot; Lead; White Lead; and Spaniſh Brown, in Oil; yellow Oaker; red Lead; Sweet Oil; Olives; Capers; and Anchovies;—an Aſſortment of Bridport Canvaſs and Ship-Chandlery, and many other Articles uſually imported here.

A few Pipes, Hogſheads, and Quarter-Caſks of choice old TENERIF WINES, and a few Dozens of ſweet White Wine.

THE SHIP

PETER & ANN,

Thomas Blundell, Maſter,

(Laying at BEALE's *Wharf) will ſail the Twenty-ſixth Inſtant*

For GOSPORT.

HAS good Accommodations for Paſſengers. For Paſſage apply to the ſaid Maſter, on Board.

To be SOLD by Auction,

At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN, *on* TUESDAY *next, the Twenty-ſixth Inſtant,*

A NEGRO WOMAN,

Who is a very good Waſher and Ironer, a good plain Cook, and handy Houſe-Wench.——The Purchaſer may have Six Months Credit, on giving Security and paying Intereſt.

May 19, 1772. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

WANTED, either to buy or hire, a ſober, careful old NEGRO FELLOW, to take Care of Horſes, &c. Enquire of the Printers.

LONDON, JANUARY 22.

SOME remarkable paſſages in a Sermon, preached before the Honourable Houſe of Commons, at St. Margaret's, Weſtminſter, on Thurſday, January 30, 1772, by *Thomas Nowell*, D. D. principal of St. Mary-Hill, King's profeſſor of Modern Hiſtory, and Public Orator in the Univerſity of Oxford.

"It has, indeed, been frequently aſſerted, that this tempeſt was raiſed by other cauſes; that the deſpotic diſpoſition, the arbitrary proceedings, and the tyrannical government of the King, after numberleſs oppreſſions patiently ſubmitted to, rouſed at length the ſpirit of an injured people, in defence of their liberty and laws; that they had frequently applied for redreſs of grievances; had often petitioned for their rights; had uſed every method of perſuaſion and remonſtrance without ſucceſs, before they had recourſe to thoſe meaſures, which a ſenſe of their injuries inſpired, and neceſſity ſufficiently juſtified. But to every unprejudiced perſon, this apology for rebellion will appear as groundleſs as it is baſe. Their complaints preceded even their pretended grievances, and continued after thoſe grievances were redreſſed. They felt, indeed, one, which, to men of their caſt, will ever be a real grievance; the eſtabliſhment of Epiſcopacy in the Church, and Monarchy in the State; of both which, their levelling principles were equally ſubverſive.

"In vain ſhall we look for the beginning of theſe evils from any real or pretended grievances, from any undue ſtretches of Prerogative, from any abuſe of Royal Power, thoſe favourite topics upon which the enemies of our Conſtitution ſo vehemently declaim. No; whatever colour theſe pretences might lend to Rebellion, the ground-work of it was more deeply laid in the principles of the times, in the factious zeal, and turbulent ſpirits of men, devoted to Enthuſiaſm, Phrenzy, and madneſs.

"And while we behold the bright reſemblance of thoſe princely virtues which adorned the Royal Martyr, now ſhining forth in the perſon of our gracious Sovereign, let us earneſtly addreſs the Throne of Mercy, that the guilt of an ungrateful, abandoned people, may not cauſe this ſun to be withdrawn from us, nor quench the light of Iſrael."

FEBRUARY 24.

Several paſſages from a ſermon preached before the Houſe on the 30th of January laſt, by Dr. Nowell, which, by deſire, had been printed, as is cuſtomary in ſuch caſes, was read by a Member in his place, on Friday laſt, and appeared ſo offenſive (the thanks of the Houſe and the requeſt for printing it being affixed to the ſermon) that the Members ſeemed much diſguſted, and ſeemed to condemn the doctrine contained in thoſe paſſages that were read. A motion was made by one of the Members, that for the future no other perſon ſhould preach before the Houſe on the 30th of January except the Chaplain: This motion was withdrawn, as it might convey a diſtant idea of a ſort of diſregard to the reſt of the Clergy. A ſecond motion was made, that in future the thanks of that Houſe be not given for any ſermon preached before it, till the ſermon is firſt printed.

A Correſpondent, who ſigns himſelf *An Executor for the Injured*, ſays, that having ſeen a paragraph in the papers, aſſerting that the debts due to the Tradeſmen of the Conſort of the late Princeſs Dowager of Wales had been paid, he expects us, if we would keep up our character for impartiality, to inſert the following. "I am an Executor to the Will of one of the ſaid Tradeſmen, lately deceaſed, who left a family of ſeven children, ſome of them females, unſettled in life: His debt being large, he was obliged to borrow money at five per cent. which was paid to his death, (almoſt eighteen years,) which obligations I have ſince diſcharged, by ſelling all he left, even to his houſhold goods.—I knew a Tradeſman (who lately died near Gerrard-ſtreet, St. Anne's, Soho) whoſe ſervice for ſix months amounted to 900 l. Being his firſt ſervice, he had never received any payment, therefore could not poſſibly have gained by the ſervice; and I am credibly informed neither himſelf, children, nor Executors, have ever received a farthing of the debt ſince."

A young Tradeſman is a Candidate for the Office of Common Councilman for the Ward of Caſtle Baynard; we hear it is againſt the approbation of his father, who admoniſhed him upon it; when the ſon declared, his reſolution was not always to be ſhut up in the compting-houſe, but to ſee the *world*; upon which the father replied, "Son, I am unwilling you ſhould ſee the *world*, for fear the world ſhould ſee *you*."

There is a man named Dobbs, now living at Knotsford, in Cheſhire, aged 121 years, who retains all his ſenſes, except hearing, and is ſtill able to gain a comfortable livelihood by making chapes for ſhoe and knee buckles.

EDINBURGH, *February* 14. The lower claſs of people in this country begin to feel the ſucceſs of induſtry: Till of late, too many of that claſs uſed to inliſt into the army, but now they apply themſelves to manufactures and all ſorts of labour; they are even grown more cleanly than heretofore. For ſome months paſt, near thirty recruiting parties have been in this neighbourhood, who have enliſted but ſix or ſeven perſons among them all.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 26.

As Dudley has been admitted to plead *guilty* to the indictment for perjury, it may not be improper to publiſh the account he at *firſt* gave concerning the fire at Portſmouth.——He ſaid, he was employed by a perſon of character in the capacity of a rider: In the courſe of his buſineſs, he contracted ſeveral acquaintances at Portſmouth: That one day he met an old ſchool-fellow in London, who had been, for many years, an officer in the Iriſh brigades. After the uſual enquiries, dictated by curioſity, had paſſed, Dudley was aſked by his friend, "What part of the country he next intended to viſit?" Upon Dudley's anſwering "That his buſineſs called him to Portſmouth," the renegade replied, that "He was glad of it, for he wanted to ſee the Dock Yard; and being in the French ſervice ſo long, he knew no perſon who could gain him admittance, but that, if Dudley could accompliſh that point, he would willingly accompany him." Dudley ſays, That he conſented, and offered to introduce his *quondam* ſchool-fellow to all his acquaintances at Portſmouth. When they arrived at Portſmouth, Dudley ſays, that he got his friend admiſſion into the different parts of the Dock-Yard; and after the perſon had ſatisfied his curioſity, they retired to their rendezvous, a public houſe, near hand. Here, Dudley ſays, that they were joined by ſeveral foreigners, whom Dudley's companion introduced. As they drank exceedingly hard, Dudley ſays, they were all generally intoxicated towards the evening. In one of their convivial meetings, Dudley ſays, that his friend told him, "He had a ſecret to communicate;" on Dudley's enquiring "what that was?" his companion anſwered in nearly the following words: "Why, I am employed by the French, and ſo are theſe men, to ſet Portſmouth Dock Yard on fire, and there are ſeveral other perſons who are to fire the other Dock Yards throughout England, it is to be done in *one night*, and the moment we hear that the other perſons are ready, we ſhall prepare." Dudley ſays, that after diſcloſing their intentions, the man watched him ſo narrowly, that he had no opportunity, and plied him ſo faſt with liquor, that he had no inclination to leave them. He alſo ſays, that he did *not* know the night they intended to ſet the Dock yard on fire; but that his ſchool-fellow left him in the care of one of the party, and returned about four o'clock in the morning, ſaying, that "the buſineſs was done, and they muſt now make the beſt of their way to France." He ſays, that they then hurried him into a veſſel which waited for the purpoſe, and when he was embarked, his friend aſked him, "if he would go to France?" upon his anſwering in the negative, Dudley ſays, that they put him on ſhore on the Engliſh coaſt. The reaſon Dudley alledges for making a diſcovery of the tranſaction was, becauſe being in neceſſitous circumſtances, he had a view to the reward offered by Government, as, though he was *privy to*, he was not the party who committed the act. He ſays, Britain might, for ought he can tell, be employed in a *different part* of the kingdom, but that he never ſaw or heard of him. Dudley has frequently ſaid, that he believed the French Ambaſſador was privy to the deſign, but he has as frequently *diſclaimed a belief*, that any of our Great Perſonages were at all concerned. With regard to the *perjury*, when *firſt* the indictment was preferred, Dudley ſeemed to *acknowledge it*, and ſaid, that "in the confuſion of a multitude of very minute particulars, he had miſtaken the day." This is a ſtate of the caſe, as it fell from the mouth of Dudley himſelf.

MARCH 2.

Part of an authentic letter written by an Officer who lately ſerved in Bengal. "For the ſake of my country, and the honour of the Engliſh name, I ſincerely wiſh that a thick veil could be drawn over the methods of acquiring fortunes in India for ſome years paſt, (eſpecially the laſt ſeven years) as well as over the monſtrous and unconſtitutional powers, with which our Nabob's in that country have been permitted to inveſt themſelves. During the period I have juſt hinted at, our Eaſtern Nabobs poſſeſſed the power of *doing ill* in a greater degree than perhaps was ever known in the annals of time; and let Bengal *now* declare how they have uſed it?—In the year 1765, when the *Prince and Father of Nabobs*, whoſe nod, like that which ſhakes Olympus, could deſtroy the inhabitants of the earth, ſhook his awful brow, and ſaid, "Let there be a monopoly of the neceſſaries of life, for the benefit of my family and friends," he ſigned the death warrant for two millions of his fellow-creatures! And when he ſaid, "Let the coin be adultrated," he iſſued an order for depopulating three thouſand villages!—I ſpeak from experience and ocular demonſtration. I have known Bengal for many years. I have travelled over the country, when it was in reality *the garden of the world*; when the villages were large, populous and flouriſhing; when the extenſive plains were covered with lowing herds and laughing huſbandmen; and when the manufacturer ſung unmoleſted under every ſhady tree.—I have ſince travelled over that country, when the villages were become the habitations of foxes; when the once fertile plains were become immeaſurable waſtes, inhabited only by the growling tyger and the howling jackal; and when the few half-ſtarved manufacturers, whom rapine and avarice had left, beheld me with jealouſy and fear.—This picture is too horrid for reflection—yet, alas, it is nevertheleſs true!"

When the Laws of this country were in force againſt Witchcraft, Conjuring, &c. a poor old doating miſerable woman was tried at a Country Aſſizes, for being a Witch. Among ſeveral circumſtances that were alledged of her pranks, one evidence ſwore, That he ſaw her riding in the air on a broomſtick. The Judge perceived, by the temper of the people, it would be a vain attempt to prove the evidence guilty of perjury; and that the Jury were likely to lay great ſtreſs on what was ſworn to. He therefore told them, that whatever might be their opinion on what the evidence affirmed, it was his buſineſs to inform them, that there was no Law to prevent any of the King's ſubjects taking the air on a broomſtick, if they choſe it. The poor creature was ſaved by the wiſdom of the Judge, which made a wonderful impreſſion on the minds of the people, who perceived the full force of his meaning, and their own folly.

YORK, *March* 3. Laſt week paſſed through Newcaſtle from Scotland, for London, (at the requeſt of Lord North) a gentleman, ſon-in-law to the late Capt. Coats, ſome time ſince employed in the Hudſon's Bay Company's ſervice, with a chart and account of the North Weſt paſſage, diſcovered by the Captain. The papers were met with in a private drawer after his death, and ſuppoſed to be ſuppreſſed during his life-time from intereſted motives. In the year 1769, the late Capt. Cluny, of London, gave intimation of the ſame kind to his particular friends; the affair, however, was ſuddenly huſhed.

LONDON, MARCH 3.

We hear that a particular account of the revolution in Denmark has been received at St. James's, and that it has been debated in Council, whether or not it ſhould be laid before the public. Lord Rochford was for publiſhing it in the Gazette; Lord Sandwich propoſed printing it by way of documents, as a quarto pamphlet; but Lord Mansfield over-ruled both; ſaying *there has been enough publiſhed about it already, and that the leſs that was ſaid about it the better.* This opinion prevailed, and it is now thought no account whatever will be publiſhed by authority.

A man who deals in poultry, near Saffron-hill, having a few days ago received information that a Fiſh-dealer at Billinſgate had for ſome time paſt been guilty of criminal converſation with his wife, fixed on a ſcheme whereby he might be an eye-witneſs to the tranſaction: He accordingly invited the Fiſh-dealer to dinner on Sunday laſt, which being complied with, the Poulterer concealed the key of the chamber door, that they might not lock themſelves in. The Poulterer drank pretty freely in the morning, and after dinner pretended to fall aſleep: The viſitor and the wife ſeeing this, went into the bed-chamber, where the Poulterer ſoon followed, and caught them in the faſt, and, after giving the Fiſh-dealer a very ſevere drubbing, turned them both out of doors. What added to the diverſion of the Poulterer was, that the Fiſh-dealer's breeches being looſe about his heels, he met with a ſevere whipping from ſome of the Chicklane gentry.

A ſquadron of ſuperior force is for the future to be ſtationed on the coaſt of Guinea, to protect the Britiſh traders from the inſults of the natives, as well as interlopers.

MARCH 5.

We are assured that the present negotiation with the French Court, for the final settlement and full payment of the Canada debt, has been carried on, and will speedily be concluded, much to the honour of Lord Rochford; who has peremptorily insisted on the immediate payment of all the interest due on that debt. His Lordship has likewise taken care, by a judicious caution and precision, in the terms of the present agreement for payment of the principal, and by obliging the French court to a clear explanation of their own articles, to prevent the chicane and dispute which has been used by them about the meaning of words in former agreements. This argument, together with the most solemn assurances of our government, by which they have pledged themselves as security to the British proprietors, for the faithful performance of the present articles according to their true meaning, have given intire satisfaction to the proprietors.

We hear that the Duke of Gloucester is expected in England towards the end of the present month; but no yacht is ordered for his conveyance to England, as it is doubtful whether he returns by the way of Calais or Helvoetsluys.

Notwithstanding what people may assert to the contrary, we are assured that the courts of London and Copenhagen are not even upon terms of civility. Mr. Keith, as a proof of this, is ordered to invest himself with the red ribbon; a compliment usually requested from the sovereign of the country where any of our Ambassadors happen to be resident.

MARCH 7.

The clerical petition having been supported by many of the ablest speakers, and most respected characters in the house, the rejection of it is generally imputed to the superior skill of the Ministry in the doctrine of numbers.

If Government should from any principle of œconomy decline to make the establishment of a civil government of the Mississippi, we hear that a company of gentlemen in the city will undertake the expence, provided they are invested with the benefits of sovereignty

At a late Privy Council, measures were resolved on (which are to be laid before the Parliament) for supplying the long complained want of paper currency in the American colonies.

MARCH 8.

Lord Holland's accounts are not yet made up; nor is there a possibility for them to be so; as the regularity of office renders it indispensably necessary to adjust every account in its natural order, and as those must be first passed which were previous to the paymastership of that nobleman.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen, February 21.

"Yesterday morning the commission of enquiry went to the Citadel, and opened their commission in the Governor's house, for the examination of the state prisoners. They began with Count Struensee who was brought in the Governor's coach about ten o'clock, from his place of confinement, guarded by two serjeants and four grenadiers with their bayonets fixed. He had on a blue suit of cloaths, and as he had not been shaved for five weeks, his beard was very long. At the entrance of the room where the commissioners sat, his chains were taken off, and he was permitted to sit down during his examination, which lasted till two o'clock, when he was sent back to prison; and at four o'clock he was brought again, when his examination continued till after seven in the evening. He shewed a great deal of uneasiness all the time of his going and coming from examination. All we can learn with respect to his examination is, that he denied the charge that was laid against him. He was shewn the instruments of torture he was to undergo, if he would not confess; but he said they would get little out of him by such means, as he always acted according to his conscience. One of the commissioners fell into a passion with him, to whom he replied, "that as he was cool, he hoped they would be so too," but at last he burst into tears, confessed his guilt and begged for mercy. When he was ordered back to prison, he desired to have a little time allowed him to compose himself. Major Falckenshiold is taken into custody, and guarded in his own house by two serjeants and four soldiers. He wrote a note to his brother the Colonel, and gave it to his friseur, who put it under his neckcloth, but the officer observing it, took it, and delivered it to the commissioners.

"The King's messenger, who was sent to London on the 18th of last month (Mr. Brummer) is returned with dispatches of consequence. Every body is desirous to know whether the letters that are brought from London to the Queen will be delivered to her at the Castle of Cronenburgh. The Cabinet Secretary Paning, since his examination, is closer confined than he was before; he cannot see his wife nor children.

"Three Secretaries are appointed to the commission for the more speedy expedition of the trials of the state prisoners. More persons are taken into custody every day for conspiracy."

Another letter from Copenhagen says, "After Count Struensee was examined by the President of the Council appointed for that purpose; the President made known to the King the result of the examination, which was, that the Queen had been found to be guilty of infidelity as well as of many high crimes against the state, whereupon orders were immediately dispatched to Cronenburg, commanding that the Queen be very closely confined, and that all access be denied. The Count, it is here said, will be beheaded in a few days, before the very window of the Castle in which her Majesty is confined. When the President went to the King, to inform him of the examination, he was at the levee, and on hearing the purport thereof, his Majesty shed tears, retired to another apartment, and was seen no more that day."

The talk of an order of St. Patrick for Ireland is again revived at St. James's, and very judiciously; for if the Parliament of that kingdom will not allow places to be encreased for avarice, some gewgaw must be held out to the vanity of ministerial dependents.

In the late reign, the above measure was so far adopted, that the number of knights were actually appointed; but the Ribband chosen, being unfortunately green, the late Lord Stair, who was a great favourite, demanded an audience of the King, and representing the colour of the Ribband as an invasion upon the order of the Thistle, the design was laid aside, and it is now even doubtful whether it will be carried into execution.

A petition was lately presented to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland from an Officer in that kingdom, praying for promotion, in which the petitioner actually urged, as claims to his Excellency's consideration, that his brains were knocked out in America, and that he was the father of two orphans, who had not a parent existing to furnish them with the necessaries of life.

Yesterday was married at St. Olive's, Southwark, Mr. Winder, of Bull-bridge, aged 27 years, to Mrs. Maria Beeby, of the Borough, aged 96, this being her third husband; what is more remarkable, all her three husband's were barbers. The old lady was so infirm that she was obliged to be led to the church. When the Minister came to the words "Love and cherish," the old Lady said, "To be sure."

Extract of a letter from a merchant at Mogadore, in South Barbary, to his friend in London, dated December 30.

"We are in the greatest consternation here, occasioned by a late act of the Emperor. It is said that some Jews in your metropolis (in particular one who in December, 1770, was turned out of Gibraltar) sent information to the Emperor of his having been over charged fifty per cent. in the invoice cost of some goods provided him on commission, in the course of some years past, from England, by the English merchants residing in this country. In consequence of this information, the Emperor has called up to Mequisez a principal British merchant here, and contrary to all the subsisting treaties with Great-Britain, has actually confined him there on this account. We are afraid this may have disagreeable consequences; and not knowing to what it may come, if you have not already dispatched the vessel freighted for this place, please to defer it until you hear further from me, &c."

The gentleman who favoured us with the above letter assures us, that the truth of the following article may be relied on: The Emperor of Morocco has not only confined a British merchant lately at Mequizez, on a false, groundless information from hence by Jews, but he has also disclaimed the British Consul general in Barbary as such, and sent him notice to depart his dominions forthwith.

Bon. Mot.—A Nobleman was saying that he could not see of what use the appointment of a Master of the Ceremonies could possibly be of to the Pantheon, as the company would certainly be a strange salmungundy kind of mixture, and the major part a set of ungovernable Bears.—"Oh! my Lord," (returned a great and amiable Duchess) "you do not consider that the Master of the Ceremonies is an Irishman, and that he will make *Bulls* enough to keep the *Bears* in awe."

We are told, that the arguments advanced in support of the Thirty-nine Articles, in a certain great assembly, were well adapted to the meridian of Constantinople, and might be of excellent service to the Mufti, to support the Koran in any future difficulties.

COPENHAGEN, *February* 17. When Mr. Keith had an audience of the King, on the 15th instant, in the presence of the Privy Council, he delivered to his Majesty two letters, one from his Britannick Majesty, and the other from the Princess Dowager of Wales. The same evening a courier was sent back to London.

LONDON, MARCH 10.

On Thursday his Excellency Baron Dieden de Furstentein, Ambassador from the Court of Denmark, arrived at his house in Harley-street, but he has not yet been at Court.

It is said that four men of war and two yatches, are ordered to be in readiness to sail for Elsineur on the first notice.

We hear that five sail of the line and three frigates, will sail for the East-Indies the beginning of next month.

Seven sail of ships, laden with American Wheat and Flour, were arrived in Dublin harbour when the last post came away.

By a letter from Dublin by the last mail, we have an account, that such vast quantities of Butter had been sent from thence, that it is now sold in that city at 3l. per hundred, which greatly distresses the poor; that the price of Meat is also raised to such a price, that the poor people are not able to purchase any, which daily causes riots and disturbances there, in which several lives have been lost.

By his Majesty's royal order, the guards which used to attend his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, are to attend him no more on any occasion, either public or private, nor have they attended his Highness since his late marriage.

Last night the Lord Chancellor, Lord Mansfield, and Sir Fletcher Norton, Speaker of the House of Commons, had grand levees at their respective houses, at which a great number of Lords and Commons attended.

According to letters from Berlin, the King of Prussia is preparing to form a camp in the neighbourhood of Potzdam, for which purpose several regiments of foot and horse are preparing to march thither.

The Committee of 24 Members, appointed by the House of Commons, to take into their most serious consideration the legality of the Debtors Bill, have declared it to be just and fair; not according to Common Law, but according to Equity.

At Mrs. Cornely's masquerade last Monday, a pretty fruit wench attracted so forcibly the attention of Lord G———r, that, for two hours, she was the sole object of his flattery and admiration: at length worked up into an irresistable want of forming an *alliance* with her, he told her his name, offered a *carte blanche*, and begged she would not delay his happiness; the Lady whispered her consent, but insisted on continuing masked; the amorous Lord, overjoyed at the conquest he had made, conducted his fair inamorata to the nunnery in Pall-Mall, where, having praised and re-praised every charm he beheld and enjoyed, he begged leave to untie the odious mask that concealed the beauty, who had made him happy. What pen or pencil could paint or describe the ghastly astonishment of his Lordship, at the sight of that woman! what! my wife, muttered he, shaking in every limb! Lady G———r burst into laughter, and left the room.

New Advertisements.

To-morrow, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon,

Will be SOLD at public Sale,

At the House of Mrs. NOWELL, *in* TRADD-STREET, *near Mr.* WAINWRIGHT'S,

All the Houshold-Furniture,

Consisting of sundry useful Articles.

Likewise, Four valuable NEGROES, *viz.*

A young Fellow, who is a complete Waiting-Man, and very careful about Horses:—A Wench that can cook tolerably well, and is an excellent House-Maid:—A young Wench that is a very good Sempstress, and very handy about House-Work; and a smart, sensible, handy Boy.——The Conditions of the Sale are CASH.—The Property not to be altered 'till the Money is paid.

Mrs. NOWELL desires all Persons who have any Demands against her, to bring in their Accompts immediately, that they may be paid. [*Thursday, May* 21, 1772.]

Fine old *Vidonia* and *London Particular*

MADERA WINE,

To be SOLD, by

George-Abbott Hall, & Co.

PSALMODY,

And all Branches of VOCAL MUSIC,

TAUGHT by the SUBSCRIBER, who has opened a SCHOOL for that Purpose.—Any Persons desirous of being instructed in that delightful Art, or of having their Children taught, may depend upon his Diligence and Care. He proposes to teach in the shortest and most eligible Manner, and expects no other Favour from the Public, than his Merit in this Branch may entitle him to. His Terms will be as reasonable as can be desired, and may be known by those who will enquire for him at Mr. JAMES THOMSON'S, in *Meeting-street*, near the *Beef-Market*. JOB PALMER.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord C
GREVILLE MONTAGU, *Captain-General, C*
Commander in Chief, in and over the said Province, Vice-Admiral of the same,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it appears unto me th: the GOALS and COURT HOUSES, in the seve Districts and Precincts of this Province, establish by an Act of the General Assembly, entitle "AN ACT *for establishing* COURTS, *building* GOALS, *a* "*appointing* SHERIFFS *and other* OFFICERS, *for the mo* "*convenient Administration of Justice in this Province,*" *pass the 29th Day of July*, 1769, are built and completed: I DO HEREBY issue this my Proclamation, notifying the same, in Order that the several REGULATIONS, established and provide by the said ACT, conducive to the public Benefit, may be a speedily as possible carried into Execution.

GIVEN under my Hand and the Great Seal of the said Province at Charles-Town, *this Nineteenth Day of May*, Anno Domini, 1772, *and in the Twelfth Year of His Majesty's Reign.* C. G. MONTAGU.

By His Excellency's Command,
THOMAS SKOTTOWE, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES-GREVILLE MONTAGU, *Captain-General, Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over the said Province, and Vice-Admiral of the same,*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Majesty, by His Royal Order in Council, bearing Date at *St. James's*, the 15th Day of *January*, 1772, was graciously pleased to declare His ROYAL APPROBATION of an Act of the General Assembly of this Province, entitled, "AN ACT *to promote and carry more fully into Execution, an Act to incorporate the* WINYAH INDICO SOCIETY, *now of Force in this Province,*" passed the 6th Day of *April*, 1765, whereby the said Act is confirmed, finally enacted, and ratified: I HAVE THEREFORE thought fit to issue this my Proclamation, notifying the ROYAL PLEASURE thereupon, that all Persons concerned may take Notice thereof, and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and the Great Seal of the said Province at Charles Town, *this 16th Day of May*, Anno Domini 1772, *and in the Twelfth Year of His Majesty's Reign.* C. G. MONTAGU.

By his Excellency's Command,
THOMAS SKOTTOWE, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Messrs. POWELL, HUGHES, & Co.

Agreeable to your Solicitation in your first Publication, I have ventured to send you the following Paraphrase, and (if it is not too serious a Subject for a News-Paper) should be glad to see it inserted in your next Gazette; which will oblige

AN INTENDED CORRESPONDENT.

A PARAPHRASE on the first Chapter of GENESIS.

——— *Thou from the First*
Wast present, and with mighty Wings out-spread,
Dove-like sat'st brooding on the vast Abyss,
And mad'st it pregnant.

MILTON'S PAR. LOST, Book I.

Thus the Heavens and the Earth were finished, and all the Host of them. GEN. Chap. ii. Ver. 1.

WHEN first th' eternal Spirit spake the Word,
Chaos convuls'd, th' Omnific Mandate heard;
Nor heard in Vain, but gave to Order Birth,
And God created Heaven and the Earth.
"Let there be Light," the Source of Nature said,
And Light on rapid Wings the Call obey'd:
Which God approv'd, whose Judgements all are right,
And Day divided from the Pomp of Night
Thus each ordain'd to hold alternate Sway,
And Evening clos'd the First created Day.
"Let the blue Firmament Division make
"Betwixt the Waters;" thus Jehovah spake.
The mighty Floods his sovereign Will obey,
And Morn and Evening were the Second Day.
"Let all the Waters in their Channels flow,
"That Land appear," God said, and it was so.
His Arm divine controul'd the spacious Sea,
And Earth, tho' barren, bloom'd at his Decree;
The stately Cedar rear'd his lofty Head;
Creation glow'd, with new-born Beauties spread;
Great Nature smil'd, with Fruits and Flow'rs crown'd,
While Herbs unnumber'd vegetated round.
The wond'rous Work, thus Half completed flood,
And Heaven's Eternal saw that it was good.
God said, "Let Light shine o'er the vaulted Sky,
"That Earth no longer in Oblivion lie;"
And let a Sun dart forth his genial Ray,
To bind the Seasons, and to rule the Day:
The radiant Orb appear'd, a Mass of Fire,
Form'd by the Breath of Heav'n's Almighty Sire!
At whose Command the Lamp of Night first came,
And Stars, in Miriads, pav'd the etherial Frame;
Each Planet roll'd obedient to his Nod,
And Four completed Days proclaim'd a GOD.
"Swift thro' the Deep," He said, who cannot fail,
"Let finny Life abundantly prevail;
"And let the Fowl Omnipotence display,
"That thro' the Air may wing their trackless Way."
God to Leviathan then a Being gave;
To range the Deep, and sport within the Wave:
His Word with ev'ry Fish the Waters fill;
For Floods grew fertile at Jehovah's Will.
The feather'd Tribe fled forth beneath the Sky,
And all were blest'd, that all might multiply.
Eternal Wisdom from on High survey'd,
The Five first Days his Power supreme had made.
"Let Earth abound" (thus spake th' Eternal King)
"With every Creature, every creeping Thing."
The Sound prolific, gave the Cattle Birth,
And every Beast that breathes upon the Earth.
Then spake the First grand Cause, the Lord of All!
Whose Justice poiz'd this elemental Ball!
(To make complete His gracious, glorious Plan)
"In our own Image let us fashion MAN;"
Reasoning, active, pure, immortal Soul;
"Of Nature's Works superior to the Whole;"
Pregnant with human Life, the powerful Sound,
With Male and Female the Creation crown'd.
God with Increase, the Heav'n-born Beings bless'd,
And *Eden* gave, to be by them possess'd.
Nature complete, in her Meridian stood,
Which Nature's Author saw "was very Good."

CHARLES-TOWN, MAY 21.

LAST Thurſday Mr. Thomas Lynch, jun. was married to Miſs Betſy Shubrick, one of the Daughters of Thomas Shubrick, Eſquire.

On Friday laſt, the Hon. Colonel Richard Maitland, Adjutant-General of His Majeſty's Forces in North-America, who came here for his Health in December laſt, Mr. William Sykes, Merchant, Mr. Joſeph Vertee and Son, Mr. Manby and Mr. Langdon, both of Jamaica, and ſeveral other Paſſengers, embarked for Philadelphia, in the Brigt. Charles-Town Packet, Captain Wright.

The ſame Day, Thomas Wiltſhire, Eſq; Mr. William Hort, Merchant, and Mr. Benjamin-Lewis Merchant, of Antigua, embarked for Barbados, in the Sloop Betſy, Capt. Edward Todd.

On Saturday His Majeſty's Frigate Lizard, ſailed from off the Bar, to proceed on her intended Cruize.

The ſame Day died, Mr. Richard Roſe, Son of Francis Roſe, Eſq; of St. Andrew's Pariſh.

Laſt Monday Doct. Eliſha Poinſett, embarked for England, in the Ship Charming Sally, Capt. Beſnard. As did, Mr. John Narney, Mr. James McCall, and others, in the Ship Ann, Captain Duncan.

On Tueſday Morning died, Mr. Andrew Rutledge, of this Town, Merchant.

The ſame Day Robert Harriot, Eſq; Mrs. Harriot, Mrs. Wiltſhire, and Miſs Bedon, arrived here from New-Providence, in the Scooner Diſpatch, Captain Minors.

Yeſterday Mrs. Sabina Elliott, Widow of William Elliott, Eſq; deceaſed, and two Daughters, Richard-Bohun Baker, Eſq; and Mr. Cattells, Mr. Palen, of the Kingdom of Ireland, Mr. Peter Marion, Mr. Eddings, of Ediſto-Iſland, Mr. Charles Mayer, Mr. McDonald, of North-Carolina, Mrs. Gilbert and Miſs Weyman, and many other Paſſengers, embarked for Philadelphia, in the Brigt. Friendſhip, Capt. Blewer.

The Brigt. Betſy & Polly, Charles Haynes, Maſter, from London, bound for Savannah in Georgia, was ſpoke with on Tueſday laſt, off North-Ediſto, by Captain Clayton, of the Scooner Eagle.

George Saxby, Eſq; Receiver-General of this Province, who is ſhortly to go for England, has appointed John Stevens, Eſq; to be his Deputy Receiver-General, during his Abſence.

The Quantity of RICE ſhipped for Exportation from this Port alone, ſince the firſt Day of November laſt, to this Day includes 80,045½ Tierces.

The Boundary-Line between this Province and North-Carolina, agreeable to His Majeſty's late Inſtruction, is forthwith to be run, the Commiſſioners from this Government, William Thomſon and William Moultrie, Eſq'rs. with Benjamin Farr, Eſq; and Mr. James Cook, Surveyors, having already ſet out to meet the Commiſſioners and Surveyors appointed by His Excellency Governor Martin of North-Carolina.

PRICE CURRENT the ſame as in our laſt.

* *A Tranſlation of the Twenty-ſecond Ode of* HORACE *is come to Hand, and ſhall have a Place in our next.*

Timothy's Marine Liſt.

Arrivals at Charles-Town,	From
Ship Polly, George Minſhall,	Liverpoole
Sloop Balmer, Robert Ruſſell,	Surenheim
Ship Laurens, Thomas Shirloch,	Liverpoole
Ship Live-Oak, Andrew Lundberry,	Teneriff
Scooner Dolphin, Thomas Bowditch,	Salem
Scooner Polly, George Sinkins,	Georgia
Scooner Savannah-Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
Sloop Fame, Miſper Lee,	[illegible]
Brigt. Nancy, George Pitts,	Jamaica
Ship Jameſon & Peggy, John Aitken,	Kirkaldy
Scooner Diſpatch, Benjamin Minors,	Providence
Sailed.	**For**
Ship Carolina Merchant, William Maſkall,	Providence
Brigt. Prince of Wales, William Moore,	Philadelphia
Brigt. Charles-Town Packet, Sam. Wright,	Philadelphia
Scooner Comet (Packet) *Capt. Ter. McDonough*,	Jamaica
Sloop Sally, John Backhouſe,	North-Carolina
Sloop Betſy, Edward Todd,	Barbados
Sloop Ranger, Horace Wood,	St. Kitts
His Majeſty's Frigate Lizard, Capt. Ch. Inglis,	Bahama's
Ship Charming Sally, John Beſnard,	Cowes
Ship Ann, James Duncan,	London
Ship Union, William Coombes,	Georgia
Brigt. Cumberland, Charles Henry,	St. Euſtatius
Sloop Collector, Philip Aubin,	North-Carolina
Brigt. Friendſhip, Joſeph Blewer,	Philadelphia
Sloop Liberty, John Beek,	St. Kitts
Sloop Suſannah, Joſeph Sherman,	North-Carolina
Scooner Live-Oak, Jeremiah Dickinſon,	Georgia
Remain windbound or cleared,	**For**
Ship Hero, Anthony Smith,	Goſport
Ship Governor Wright, Thomas Hall,	Briſtol
Ship Mary, John Spurrier,	Goſport
Snow Nancy, William Chiene,	London
Scooner Polly, George Sinkins,	Georgia
Scooner Savannah-Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
Sloop Charles-Town, Daniel Munro,	Rhode-Iſland
Near loaded, or may ſail between this and our next.	
Ship Trueman, Joſhua Shepheard,	Cowes
Ship Minerva, Robert Alexander,	Leith
Ship Admiral Spry, Peter Hill,	Cowes
Brigt. Diligence (Packet) Capt. Arthur Clark,	*Jamaica*
Brigt. Prince George, Thomas Davies,	Lancaſter
Brigt. Duke of Athol, Robert Grinly,	Cowes
Scooner Induſtry, Edward Allen,	Boſton
Scooner Harlequin, John Goddard,	Cape Fear
Sloop Fame, Miſper Lee,	New-York
Sloop Jamaica-Packet, John Hunt,	Jamaica
Entered out, and loading, beſides the above.	
Ship Fame, William Thorntoun,	Liſbon
Ship Peter & Ann, Thomas Blundell,	Goſport
Ship Laurens, Thomas Shirloch,	Liſbon
Ship Polly, George Minſhall,	Jamaica
Brigt. Recovery, John Bohanan,	Virginia
Sloop Thomas & Anthony, Sol. Gibbs,	St. Kitts
Sloop Ark, George Luſher,	Barbados
Sloop Morning-Star, John Veſey,	St. Vincent
Other Veſſels in Port.	
His Majeſty's Ship Gibraltar, Sir Tho. Rich,	*Commander.*
Ship Molly, Robert Duxbury,	London
Ship Hutſon, John Bacon,	London
Snow Mary, William Laverdy,	Liverpoole
Brigt. Charming Jenny, Richard Brewer,	Jamaica
Brigt. Diſpatch, Henry McElleſter,	
Scooner Betſy, John Young,	
Scooner Exchange, John Willis,	
Sloop Liberty, William McBride,	
Arrivals from this Port.	
Sloop Sally, Jeſſe Hunt,	*New-York*
Sloop Active, Francis Dickinſon,	*Jamaica*
Scooner Dolphin, Stafford Somerſall,	*Georgia*
Sloop Dolphin, Alden Baſt,	*Boſton*

New Advertiſements.

EDWARDS, FISHER, & Co.

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship POLLY, *Captain* MINSHALL, *from* LIVERPOOL, *and late Veſſels from* LONDON,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

European & Eaſt-India Goods:

Among which they particularize the following:

A LARGE QUANTITY of well choſen WHITE PLAINS, with blue and green Ditto;—3-4th, 7-8th and Yard-wide very cheap IRISH LINENS;—Iriſh and Ruſſia Sheetings, Iriſh Diapers, Huckabacks, and Table-Cloths; faſhionable SILKS;—plain and bordered India Chints, Engliſh Chints, dark and purple Ground Callicoes and Cottons, Chints Bed Furniture, with Lines and Taſſels;—India Perſians, Jackonet and Book Muſlins, ſtriped Ditto, Tombour Work Suits; very rich Bruſſels Lace, and Head Lace; Marſeilles Quilting, Nankeens, blue, green, and black Caſimires, white Iriſh Ticking, ſuitable for Men's Wear;—complete Sets of TEA and TABLE CHINA;—Queen's Ware, white Stone Ware; Copper-plate Tiles, Dutch Hearth Tiles; Iriſh and German OSNABRUGS;—LOAF SUGAR;—beſt Liverpool BEER and ALE;—long and ſhort Pipes;—Bar Lead;—Linſeed Oil in Caſks, Window Glaſs and Paints; with a great many other Articles, too tedious to enumerate.

ANCRUMS & CHIFFELLE

Inform their Friends,

That they have JUST IMPORTED

A CARGO of GOODS

In the LIVE-OAK, from BRISTOL,

CONSISTING of a complete Aſſortment of IRON-WARE; neat Fowling-Pieces; Ditto for Plantation Uſe; Cotton Cards; Window Glaſs; long and ſhort Pipes; empty Quart Bottles; Oil, and Paints; Earthen-Ware of different Kinds, *very cheap*; Men's Saddles and Saddlery; Silver plated Stirrups and Bridle Bits, *&c. &c.*

N. B. A Variety of very faſhionable Silks and Brocades, lately imported, to be ſold remarkably cheap.

At STOTTS

Manchеſter Warehouſe, in *Beadon's-Alley*,

Juſt arrived in the Polly, *Capt.* Minſhall, *from* Liverpool,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

Manchеſter Manufactory;

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

COARSE and fine HATS; very fine neat Half Ell dyed and white JENNETS; Silk STRIPES; Cotton and Linen HOLLANDS; CHECKS of all Sorts; HANDKERCHIEFS; and CUTLERY from *Sheffield*, to be ſold on their uſual low Terms for *Caſh*.

Fine Double [illegible]

CHEESE,

Juſt imported, in good Order, per the LIVE-OAK, *from* Briſtol,

WITH beſt brown OAKUM—four Gallon Water Jugs—Stone Butter Jars, of all Sizes—ſhort Pipes—very beſt boiled Linſeed Oil—Nails of all Sorts and Sizes uſed in this Country, *&c. &c.* to be had at the Subſcriber's Store, oppoſite the EXCHANGE, upon eaſy Terms.

WILLIAM DOUGHTY.

THE Subſcriber intending to depart this Province in a very ſhort Time, deſires all thoſe indebted to him, to ſettle their reſpective Accompts with his Attornies, by the firſt Day of JULY next; otherwiſe, they will be put into the Hands of an Attorney at Law.

OLIVER CROMWELL.

N. B. HE returns his ſincere Thanks to thoſe who have paid him yearly, and would be glad of a Continuance of THEIR Cuſtom. [6 w.]

To be SOLD,

A valuable PLANTATION

In St. ANDREW's Pariſh, pleaſantly ſituated on *Aſhley-River* and *Wappoo-Creek*, containing near five Hundred Acres of Land, and adjoining the Plantations of *Edward Fenwick*, Eſq; *John Drayton*, jun. Eſq; and Mr. *Linning*.——On the Premiſes is a Variety of uſeful Brick Buildings, particularly two good Dwelling-Houſes. The Quality of the Land is equal in Goodneſs to any in the ſaid Pariſh, for producing Indico or Corn, and the Situation of the Place is well-known to be extremely pleaſant, and capable of being made very profitable. For Terms apply to ALEXANDER HARVEY.

Who has to LETT, the HOUSE and GARDEN occupied by Mr. WILLIAM HARVEY, in *Tradd-Street*.

To be LET,

(And may be entered upon immediately)

A neat HOUSE,

Oppoſite to Mr. HOPTON's, at the upper End of *King-Street*, with Four Rooms (two of which are papered) and a Stable, Chair-Houſe, Garden, and a good Yard. Enquire of Mr. JONES, at Miſs ELLIOTT's Tan-Yard.

RICHARD YEADON

DESIRES all Perſons who had Watches in the Hands of Mr. RICHARD CLARK, in King-Street, at the Time of his Death, to call for them at his Shop in *Broad-Street*. Where all Sorts of WATCHES and CLOCKS are compleatly repaired on reaſonable Terms, with the greateſt Care and Expedition.

Wanted immediately on Hire,

FOUR or Five good Field NEGROES; for each of which Eighty-five Pounds per Annum will be given, their Tools and Diet found them, and their Wages paid Monthly or Quarterly. Their Owners may depend on their meeting with good Uſage. Enquire at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

RICHARD FOWLER,

Upholſterer *and* Paper-Hanger,

Has imported, in the DISPATCH, *Captain* MCELLESTER, *from* LONDON,

A very great Variety of GOODS

IN THE

UPHOLSTERY BUSINESS,

CONSISTING OF

PAPER-HANGINGS, of the neweſt Faſhion, ſuch as flowered and ſtriped Luteſtring Patterns, elegant Gothic Ditto, for Halls and Stair-Caſes; a great Quantity of Hair-Seating; beſt Princes Metal Nails for Chairs; Engliſh curled Hair for Mattraſſes; Tacks; Girthing Web; Brais and Leather wheeled Caſtors; Clock-Pins, and Curtain-Rings; large and ſmall Gold Machée Bordering, of different Patterns; very fine Tick for Feather Beds; ſome good cranky Check, particularly adapted for making Mattraſſes of; fine white Bed-Fringe; broad and narrow green Ditto; blue and white, and green and white Ditto; Lines and Taſſels of various Colours; Bed-Lace, &c. &c.

He continues to carry on the UPHOLSTERY Buſineſs in all its Branches, ſuch as Paper-Hanging, ſtuffing of Sophas, French Elbow-Chairs, French Back Stools, and Cabriolets, and makes all Sorts of Bed-Furniture, Feſtoon and Drapery Window Curtains, Venetian Shades, Feather-Beds, Mattraſſes, &c.

Thoſe Ladies, Gentlemen, and others, who may be pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having their Orders executed in the neateſt and moſt Workman-like Manner, and with all poſſible Diſpatch.

N. B. He has Six elegant French Back Stools, covered with very rich Brocade, which he will ſell very cheap for Caſh or ſhort Credit.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF HEWET & LYNCH, BEING EXPIRED,

THE SUBSCRIBER begs Leave to inform the Public, That he has now entered into Buſineſs for himſelf, on the North Side of the *White-Meeting*, where he carries on the COACH and CHAIR-MAKING BUSINESS, in as complete a Manner as can be performed in this Province; and ſolicits the Cuſtom of thoſe Gentlemen and others, who were pleaſed to employ the late Company; to merit which, the greateſt Care and Expedition will be uſed, in executing the Orders they may be pleaſed to favour him with.

GEORGE HEWET.

N. B. He has erected a complete and large Range of COACH-HOUSES, for the Reception of Gentlemen's Carriages that may come to be repaired, in Order to prevent their receiving any Injury from the Weather.——Gentlemen may have their Carriages ſtand by the Year, on very reaſonable Terms.

** He has to diſpoſe of, ſundry CHAIRS and CHAISES, with Harneſs, which will be ſold remarkable cheap for *Caſh*:—Alſo a light PHEATON, with Harneſs.

ON WEDNESDAY, the *Firſt* of *July* next, we intend to DIVIDE, among ſuch of the Creditors of Meſſrs. WOODDROP & CATHCART, as ſhall chooſe to accept of a Dividend, all the MONEY then in our Hands, in Average and Proportion, as far as the ſame will go, upon ſuch CATHCART:—Thoſe therefore, who have not delivered us a State of their Demands, are requeſted to do ſo, on or before the *Twentieth* of *June*, otherwiſe they will be excluded from all Share of this Diſtribution.

AND, as ſome Debts due to Meſſrs. *Wooddrop & Cathcart*, ſtill remain unpaid, we inform thoſe ſo indebted, that we ſhall be obliged to put the ſame into an Attorney's Hands, in TEN DAYS after this Notice.

ATKINS & WESTON,
c. t. f. GIDEON DUPONT, jun. } *Aſſignees.*

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

A MAN, with a ſmall Family, who is well acquainted with the Culture of RICE, or any Kind of PROVISION, and can bring ſufficient Recommendations of his Honeſty, Sobriety, and Induſtry, from Gentlemen in whoſe Service he has been.—Any Gentleman in want of ſuch a Perſon, may hear of him, by applying at the PRINTING-OFFICE, near the EXCHANGE.

FOUND by a Negro Boy,

TWO Silver TEA-SPOONS.——The Owner may have them reſtored, by applying to the Printers, deſcribing them, pay for this Advertiſement, and rewarding the Boy for his Honeſty.

TAKEN up adrift, off Hog Iſland Shore, a MAHOGANY LOG, very much doated, but has no particular Marks. The Owner, proving his Property, may have it again, by applying to

May 21, 1772. RICHARD WAYNE.

STOLEN laſt Night,

About Eight o'Clock, from off the GREEN *in* ANSONBOROUGH,

A Strawberry or red Roan Gelding,

Aged, about fourteen Hands and an Half high, a natural Pacer, but trots in a Chair; he has a black Mane and Tail, and is branded on the mounting Shoulder and Buttock W, and had been newly ſhod before.

Whoever will deliver the ſaid Gelding to the Subſcriber, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward; and if any Perſon will diſcover the Thief, if he is a white Perſon, FIFTY POUNDS Reward will be given on Conviction.

May 16, 1772. TUNIS TEBOUT.

STRAYED from Charles-Town Green,

the 25th ult. a bright bay GELDING, about 15 Hands high, branded on the mounting Shoulder K in a Circle; a natural Pacer, the Whole of his Mane lately trimmed in a Bow, and has ſeveral ſmall white Spots on his Back. Any Perſon taking up the ſaid Horſe, and delivering him to the Subſcriber in Charles-Town, ſhall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS.

May 12, 1772. THOMAS HEYWARD, ſen.

WANTED,

A LAD of good Morals, and a tolerable Education, as an Apprentice to the DRY GOOD BUSINESS. Enquire of the Printers.

*** ADVERTISEMENTS *omitted in this Day's Gazette, ſhall have good Places in our next.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the Court of General Seſſions of the Peace, &c. 11th May, 1772.

PRESENT,

His Honour the CHIEF JUSTICE,

Mr. Juſtice COSSLETT, Mr. Juſtice MURRAY,

Mr. Juſtice FEWTRELL.

WHEREAS the CORONERS and JUSTICES of the PEACE for this Province, have frequently neglected to take the Examinations of Perſons who have been brought before them charged with Felonies and other Offences, and to reduce into Writing the Teſtimony of the Witneſſes who have before them charged the ſaid Perſons with ſuch Offences; and alſo to take the Recognizances of the ſaid Parties and Witneſſes, to appear and give Evidence before the Juſtices of Goal Delivery, agreeable to the Direction of the Statutes of the 1ſt and 2d of *Ph. & Ma.* Cap. xiii. and 2d and 3d of *Ph. & Ma.* Cap. x. whereby the Buſineſs at the Seſſions is much delayed; the Jurors obliged to give a longer Attendance than would otherwiſe be neceſſary; Felons and other Criminals do eſcape Juſtice, and many other Inconveniences do ariſe. To prevent which for the future, It is hereby Ordered, That whenever any Perſon ſhall hereafter be brought before any Coroner or Juſtice of the Peace for this Province, charged with any Felony, or other indictable Offence, and ſhall thereupon be either let out upon Bail or committed, that ſuch Coroner or Juſtice ſhall take as well the Examination in Writing of ſuch Felon or Offender, as the Depoſition in Writing of the ſaid Witneſſes; plainly and diſtinctly ſetting forth all the ſeveral material Matters of Fact, ſworn to by the ſaid Witneſſes; and ſhall then bind over the ſeveral neceſſary Witneſſes in Recognizances, to appear and give Evidence at the next General Seſſions of the Peace.

And it is further Ordered, That ſuch Juſtice of the Peace or Coroner, ſhall certify the ſaid Examinations, Depoſitions, and Recognizances, and tranſmit them to the Office of the Clerk of the Crown, within *Four Days* after the ſame ſhall be ſo taken, if ſuch Coroner or Juſtice lives in CHARLES-TOWN, and by the firſt convenient Opportunity if ſuch Coroner or Juſtice lives in the Country.

And notice is hereby given, To all Coroners and Juſtices, who ſhall hereafter neglect ſo to take ſuch Examinations, Depoſitions, and Recognizances, or when ſo taken, to certify and return the ſame as aforeſaid, that they will be proceeded againſt and fined for ſuch Neglect, agreeable to the Directions of the above-mentioned Statutes.

And it is hereby further Ordered, That the Names of the ſeveral Parties, who ſhall be bound over to appear and defend, or to proſecute and give Evidence, ſhall be called over on their Recognizances on the *firſt Day* of every Seſſions, immediately after the Charge to the Grand Jury; and in Caſe they do not appear, their Default ſhall be recorded, and their Recognizances ordered to be eſtreated: Nevertheleſs, Proceſſes or Warrants, as the Caſe ſhall require, ſhall forthwith be ordered to iſſue againſt them and their Bail.

And, That the ſaid Coroners, Juſtices, and other Parties concerned, may be ſufficiently apprized of their Duty, It is hereby further Directed, That theſe Orders be filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Crown, that all Juſtices, and others concerned, may take Copies thereof, if they pleaſe, and that the ſame be publiſhed in the ſeveral Gazettes of this Province.

By the Court,

James Johnſton, C. C. & P.

At the Subſcriber's STORE *oppoſite the* NEW EXCHANGE,

A full Aſſortment of Goods,

Calculated to ſuit the preſent Seaſon,

Which he has imported by the Captains COOMBES *and* MASKALL, *from* LONDON;

A few of which it may be proper here to particularize, *viz.*

SEVERAL complete Setts of Glaſſes for Side-Boards, elegantly cut and flowered, with the faſhionable Quantity of Pint Decanters to each Sett; India Candle Shades; ſtriped India Taffaties; a Variety of Engliſh Ditto, of an entire new Manufactory, beautiful Figures, and cheap:—a very large Aſſortment of India Chints, bordered and plain, ſome of the latter uncommonly fine, and extra Lengths; China Pickle-Saucers; Crow coloured Mantuas, quite free of Spots, with ſeveral Dozens of black Silk Trimmings for Ditto, very much the Faſhion at preſent:—Great Variety of Ribbons, Saſh and Sarſenets, Thread and Blond Edgings of all Prices, double and edged Thread Lappet Laces, Ladies white Morocco and fineſt black Ruſſel Pumps, white Holland Gloves branched, Silk Gauze Handkerchiefs, with coloured Borders; Loom quilting for Petticoats, large Cotton Marſeilles Bed Covers; Boys black and blue Sattin Hats, with Gold Bands; whimſey Hats; freſh Pickles, among which are the green and white Mangoes; Womens and Girls Ticken turned Stays, crimſon and blue Coventry marking Thread; a freſh ſupply of Iriſh Linens, of all Prices, equal to his laſt Importation, ſo well known for being cheap, &c. &c. The above will be ſold at a moderate Advance.

WILLIAM DOUGHTY.

JAMES OLIPHANT,

Has juſt imported in the CAROLINA-MERCHANT, *Captain* MASKALL, *from* LONDON,

A VARIETY of JEWELLERY,

WITH

SOME PLATE:

Which he will ſell on the moſt REASONABLE TERMS, at his Shop on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE,

N. B. Amongſt the above, is a neat Aſſortment of CUTTEAUX DE CHASSE.

THE ASSESSMENT on the Taxable Inhabitants, and others who have Eſtates in the Pariſhes of ST. PHILIP and ST. MICHAEL, Charles-Town, for the Maintenance of the Poor thereof, for One Year, being finiſhed:

Notice is hereby given,

That the Subſcriber will attend to receive the ſame, at the Houſe of Mrs. CATHERINE POINSETT, in Elliott-ſtreet, from Monday the 25th Inſtant, to Saturday the 24th of June, from the Hours of Three to Six in the Afternoon.

By Order of the Veſtry,

PETER BOUNETHEAU, Clerk.

William Glen *and* Son,

Have juſt imported in the UNION, *Captain* COOMBES, *from* LONDON,

A general and complete Aſſortment

OF

European & Eaſt-India Goods,

(Suitable to preſent SEASON)

Which they will ſell on the moſt REASONABLE TERMS that can poſſibly be afforded, at their Stores in *Elliott-ſtreet*:

Among which they particularize the following:

A Great Variety of printed Linens, Cottons, and Callicoes; Engliſh and India Chints, ſome with Borders; Iriſh Sheeting, and other Linens, of all Prices; flowered, Clear, Piſtol, and Long Lawns; Cambricks; Muſlins; Damaſk and Diaper Table-Cloths; Huckaback; Dimities; Dowlas:—A great Variety of Checks, Stripes, and Cotton Hollands; Oſnabrugs; Fuſtians; Jeans; Thickſets; Princes Stuffs; India Nankeens; Damaſks; Calimancoes; Durants; Tammies; Sagathies:—A great Choice of the moſt faſhionable ſuperfine Broad and other Cloths, with ſuitable Trimmings; Cotton, Linen, and Silk Handkerchiefs; black Barcelona Cravats and Handkerchiefs:—A Variety of Mens, Womens, Boys, and Girls Silk, Cotton, and Thread Hoſe; Women's Calimanco Shoes and Pumps; Leather Ditto; Breeches Patterns; Thread and Silk Pavilion Gauze:—A Variety of India Perſians, Taffaties, and other Silks; Stuff for Ladies Petticoats, wove like Quilting; Turned Stays; black and Blond Laces; Head Lace and Edgings:—A Variety of Ribbons; Ferrits; Bindings; Gartering; Tapes; Threads; Laces; Sewing Silks; Fans; Needles; Pins, &c.—Men's Beaver and Felt Hats; Ladies Riding and Silk Ditto; Spices of all Sorts; Black Pepper; Fig and Powder Blue; Poland and Common Starch; very fine Bohea Tea; Loaf-Sugar; Sallad Oil; Family Medicines; Paints of all Colours; Linſeed Oil; Glue; Window Glaſs; ſhort and long Pipes; Iron Pots; Steel; Bar Iron; Bar Lead and Shot; Gun-Powder; Nails of all Sorts; Locks; Hinges, and other Articles for Building; Hoes; Axes; Sieves; Mill-Saws; Croſs-cut and Whip Saws, and other Plantation Tools; Sets of Deſk and Cheſt-of-Drawers Furniture; Braſs and Box Caſtors, and other Articles for Cabinet Ware; Carpenters and Coopers Tools:—A great Variety of Cutlery, Ironmongery, Sadlery, Braſiery, and Stationary; blue and white, and enamelled China; Queen's and Stone Ware; Glaſs of all Sorts; Horn Tumblers; Bruſhes and Brooms; Shoe Thread and Spinnel; Horſe Hair Seating; Portmanteau Trunks, *&c. &c.*

N. B. RUM of all Sorts, MUSCOVADO SUGAR, COFFEE, PIMENTO, *&c.*

LEGER & GREENWOOD,

Take the Liberty (through this Channel) to acquaint their Friends in General,

They have imported in the UNION, Captain COOMBES, from LONDON,

A VARIETY OF ARTICLES,

(Many from the firſt Hand)

Neceſſary for the preſent SEASON:

Which they purpoſe ſupplying them with on their uſual good Terms:

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

HEAD Lace; Blond Ditto;	Men's Silk Stockings;
Pearl and Hanover Ditto;	Silk Breeches Pieces;
coats;	Sattin, Perſian, and Durant
Silk Patterns for Ditto;	Very fine White Chip Hats;
Caſimires;	Cane Ditto;
Princes Stuffs;	Silk Liberty Hats and Feathers,
Serge and corded Duroys;	Boy's Thinnet Whimſey Ditto, with Ditto;
A few plain Silks and brown Taffaties;	Brocade and Sattin Pumps;
A great Variety of Ribbons;	Mahogany Ciſterns;
Plain and flowered Muſlins;	Mahogany oval Cooling Tubs;
Yard-wide & 6-4 Book Ditto;	Toilet Glaſſes;
Gauzes;	Neat Boxes for Ditto;
White Thread Bed-Fringe and Taſſels;	A Variety of different ſized neat Wilton Carpets;
A Variety of printed Linens and Callicoes;	Lift Carpeting;
India Chints and Ginghams;	Horſe Hair Ditto;
Mens, Womens, Boys, & Girl's Thread & Cotton Stockings;	Horſe Hair Chair Seating;
	Beſt blue Raiſins;
	Almonds in the Shell, &c. &c.

A Variety of *Manchester* CHECKS, and a few Half Cheſts of BOHEA-TEA, they will ſell very LOW, for *Caſh*.

JAMIESON, SIMONS, & Co.

Have juſt imported by the UNION, COOMBES, *from* LONDON, *and the* FREEMAN, SHEPHEARD, *from* BRISTOL,

A very general and complete Aſſortment

OF

European & Eaſt-India Goods,

Suitable for the Summer Seaſon; among which are,

A Large Parcel of well-choſen plain, white, coloured, and figured SILKS; two very handſome BROCADES, all free from Spots; plain, ſtriped, and flowered Muſlins, India Chints, Taffaties, Perſians, printed Linens, Cambricks and Callicoes; very handſome brocaded and plain Silk Shoes, black and white ſingle and double edged Blond Laces; fine Hanover Head joining and Thread edging Ditto; a Quantity of exceeding neat Fans and Ribbons, Men and Womens wove and knit Silk, Cotton, and Thread Hoſe, ribbed and plain; Mens Silk and Worſted Waiſtcoat and Breeches Patterns, Gold and Silver Laces and Buttons, Glaſs and Queen's Ware of all Kinds, Sets of enamelled and pencil Tea China, Sets of blue and white Table ditto, Marſeilles Quilting; a large Parcel of Cutlery, purchaſed with Caſh from the Manufacturers; Nails, Plantation and Workmens Tools of all Kinds, with many other Articles too tedious to enumerate, make a very large and complete Aſſortment, which they will ſell on their uſual moderate Terms.

*** Their Friends in the Country may depend on the immediate Execution of their Orders.

TOLLED before me on the 20th of *April* laſt, by JACOB McKAY, a black HORSE, about fourteen Hands high, and near ten Years old, he has a Star in his Forehead, and ſome White on his upper Lip; branded on the near Thigh 2 F. A Trotter. The Owner muſt prove his Property before

HENRY CASSELS, J. P.

SALE by the Provoſt-Marſhal.

On FRIDAY *the 5th of* JUNE *next, will be ſold, at public Vendue, at the Vendue-Houſe in* GEORGE-TOWN,

ALL that PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, ſituate on *Black River*, about ſix Miles from *George-Town*, containing 300 Acres, more or leſs, and is bounded North-Eaſt by Black River; South-Eaſt by Mr. Sarrazin's Land; North-Weſt by John Glen's Land, and South-Weſt by Land unknown:—Late the Property of WILLIAM SMITH, deceaſed, and ſold under Execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, *P. M.*

THE LARGE AND COMPLEAT

Map of South-Carolina,

WITH all the ISLANDS, MARSHES, SWAMPS, BAYS, RIVERS, CREEKS, INLAND NAVIGATIONS, and all COUNTIES, DISTRICTS, TOWNS, ROADS, COUNTY PARISHES, and PROVINCIAL LINES, from an actual SURVEY, *Six Feet* wide, and *Five* and a *Half* long; elegantly engraved, and done on Canvas and Rollers in London:—To be ſold for the PROPRIETORS, at *Two Guineas* each, by

6 w. ANCRUMS & CHIFFELLE.

For *Norfolk*, *Maryland*, *Philadelphia*, or *New-York*,

THE BRIGANTINE

RECOVERY,

John Bochanan, Maſter,

(Will ſail with all convenient Speed.)

FOR Freight or Paſſage, ſhe having good Accommodations, apply to ſaid Maſter, or

DAVID & JOHN DEAS.

A PARCEL of EXCEEDING

Good INDIAN CORN,

AND A FEW

Small Caſks of SHIP BREAD,

To be SOLD on Board the ſaid Veſſel.

Apply as above.

For RHODE-ISLAND,

THE SLOOP

CHARLES-TOWN,

DANIEL MUNRO, *Maſter*,

(Will ſail in Ten Days.)

FOR Freight or Paſſage, having good Accommodations, apply to ſaid Maſter, or

NATHANIEL RUSSELL.

Who has for Sale, Northward RUM, LOAF-SUGAR, SOAP, *&c.*

To be SOLD *by* PRIVATE CONTRACT,

A HOUSE and LOT in Anſonſburgh, at preſent occupied by BENJAMIN ARCHER, Eſq; very pleaſantly ſituated on two Streets, between William Moultrie, Eſq's. and Mrs. Guerard's, with a Kitchen, Chair-Houſe, Stables, and Room enough for a large Garden. Enquire of

JOHN SCOTT.

One Hundred Pounds Reward.

RUN AWAY, or STOLEN from the Subſcriber, the 29th of September laſt, a Mulatto Fellow, named DICK, of a middle Size, a little Bow-kneed, a ſmall Scar on his left Knee, and about Twenty Years of Age; can work at the Shoe-maker's Buſineſs.—He has endeavoured to paſs by the Name of JOHN, or TOM MACKLIN. The laſt Accounts of him were from the Head of Tyger River, where he was ſeen with a Couple of noted Villains, *George Bennet* and *Joſeph Dotay*, who have now a Hue and Cry after them. Any Perſon that will ſecure the ſaid Slave, and deliver him to me on *Broad River*, near the *Fiſh Ford*, ſhall receive the above Reward.—He is a remarkable Whiſtler, and plays on the Violin.

DAVID HOPKINS.

THIS is to inform all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JOHN DODD, that the Books of Accounts are lodged in the Hands of WILLIAM MASON, Eſq; Attorney at Law, who has Orders to ſue for all Debts unpaid after the firſt of June next.

All thoſe to whom the Eſtate is indebted, are requeſted to meet at Mrs. POINSETT's, on the firſt of June, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, when the Executors will attend, in Order to ſettle their reſpective Concerns.

To be ſold a great Bargain,

Or exchanged for an equal Value in any Part of the Town,

Two Tenements on Guignard-ſtreet.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common-Pleas, begun and holden in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 12th Day of May, 1772,

ANDREW LORD, JEREMIAH SAVAGE, THOMAS-LOUGHTON SMITH, RICHARD PARK STOBO, and CHRISTOPHER PETER,

Being duly ſummoned and returned, to ſerve as JURORS at the ſaid Court, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance: THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That they will be fined in the Sum of *Five Pounds* Proclamation-Money, each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively, make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, on or before the firſt Tueſday in July next.

JAMES JOHNSTON, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, May 12, 1772.

Charles-Town: Printed by POWELL, HUGHES, & Co. at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange;

Where ADVERTISEMENTS are taken in, and every Branch of the PRINTING BUSINESS performed with Accuracy, Neatneſs, and the greateſt Diſpatch: Of whom may be had, all Kinds of BLANKS made Uſe of in this Province, printed on neat Types and good Paper.

SUPPLEMENT to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1893] THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1772.

LONDON.

To the worthy LIVERYMEN *of the City of* LONDON.

Guildhall, January 20, 1772.

GENTLEMEN,

THE dignity of the office, which your favour conferred upon me, forbids my engaging in a newspaper controverſy, begun in a moſt unbecoming manner, and carried on with little argument, but much indecent paſſion, by ſuch men as Mr. Robert Holloway, Mr. W. F. Jackſon, and Mr. James Stephen.—The groſs perſonal abuſe, with which the preſs has ſpawned for many weeks, I regarded with contempt; but the ſtrong deſire I feel at all times to give you the fulleſt information of my public conduct, and of the faithful execution of thoſe powers, with which I am intruſted, will not ſuffer me any longer to remain ſilent, or to leave their calumnies unrefuted.

I am accuſed of violating the laws by permitting the Bailiffs to apprehend perſons for debt, and afterwards continuing them in priſon, by the authority of my office. The charge againſt me perſonally is highly aggravated by theſe men from the circumſtance of my having formerly ſtood forth in defence of the perſonal rights of the ſubject againſt *General Warrants*, and the frightful picture of the cruel confinement of many objects, now languiſhing in priſon for debt, by my abuſe of power, thence receives a very deep and black colouring, and indeed from the contraſt becomes the more ſtriking and tragically alarming. The preſent complaint however is not an ingenious diſcovery firſt broached in my Sheriffalty, nor has the queſtion of the unlawfulneſs of impriſonment for debt been ſtarted as a new matter of debate and uncertainty ſince I was ſworn into office. In November 1770, the merits of the caſe on the petition of theſe men were argued before the Judges of the Court of King's-Bench. They were unanimous in the opinion, that the *law of the land* juſtified impriſonment for debt, and then remanded to priſon a debtor, who was brought before them by Habeas Corpus, on purpoſe to try this very queſtion. At the ſame time they pointed out to the unhappy priſoners, the only poſſible relief they could receive, an application to Parliament for the alteration of the laws now actually in force reſpecting debtors. I have not heard that any ſuch application has yet been made, or that my predeceſſors in office were ſerved with actions for falſe impriſonment, becauſe they obeyed the cuſtomary writs of a ſuperior Court of Juſtice. The queſtion was long agitated, and in a variety of ſhapes, but that litigious mode of proceeding was deferred to the year of my Sheriffalty, by the ſubtle contrivance of a wicked and vindictive adminiſtration. It was reſerved as a mark of vengeance againſt me, the devoted victim of their malice. I do not intend, Gentlemen, at your fair and impartial bar to avail myſelf of the plea, that if I had taken upon me to releaſe all debtors in this city and country, impriſoned by the ancient proceſs of law, I ſhould have been liable to innumerable actions for eſcapes, and to the payments of their reſpective debts. I deſpiſe the cowardly meanneſs of ſuch a defence. I have never ſhrunk from any danger in the ſupport of the laws of my country. But I aver that, upon a cloſe examination of the ſtatute law of this kingdom, the deliberate judgment of one of our ſuperior Courts of Juſtice, and the private opinion of the ſoundeſt lawyers, whom I conſulted, I thought it my duty to direct the uſual warrants to iſſue in my name, as a miniſterial officer of law. I could not think myſelf juſtified, from a motive of compaſſion, which in every caſe of diſtreſs I feel, but in this had no right to indulge, if I had ventured to commit a manifeſt injury againſt a great number of creditors, who were purſuing the accuſtomed courſe of actions at law for the recovery of their property. I was not to decide on the wiſdom or equity of the law. My province was to obey, when it appeared clear and certain. My brother Sheriff, than whom freedom has not a firmer friend, agreed with me in opinion of the law, as it now ſtands, and of the duty of our office. The ſentiments of the whole legiſlative body on this ſubject, have been demonſtrated from time to time, by the frequent acts for the *Relief of Inſolvent Debtors*, one of which paſſed in this Parliament. Although an infamous majority in the Houſe of Commons robbed the Freeholders of Middleſex of their right of repreſentation, and of conſequence deprived me of the ſatisfaction of giving my vote for ſo merciful an act, I rejoiced that the rigour of the law was mitigated by the interpoſition of Parliament. I hope that ſuch an act will ſoon paſs to operate regularly at ſtated, ſhort periods, under certain reſtrictions, or that we ſhall have an entire new code of laws reſpecting debtors, to reconcile the rights of a free people, with the intereſts of the moſt commercial country in the world. Yet, while the law remains in its preſent ſtate, I think it incumbent on a good ſubject not to obſtruct its operations, but to yield a ready obedience.

The words of the Great Charter I hold ſacred, "No Freeman ſhall be taken, or impriſoned, or be diſſeiſed of his freehold, or liberties, or free cuſtoms, but by lawful judgment of his Peers, or by the *law of the land*," and permit me to aſſure you, that, while I continue in office, through the extent of the juriſdiction you have aſſigned to me, no perſon ſhall ſuffer an illegal impriſonment. I acknowledge no authority but what is founded on the laws and the conſtitution. As a private man, I was engaged for many years in an important ſtruggle for the liberty of the ſubject againſt the great officers of the Crown. It was at length terminated by the annihilation of the power which they had uſurped. I am at this time armed with your authority to withſtand every encroachment on the perſonal rights and privileges of my fellow-ſubjects in this city, and the county of Middleſex. They ſhall therefore now find relief in the moſt effectual and ſummary way. I ſhould bluſh, if any perſon ſuffered an injury, which I had the power, but wanted the ſpirit, to redreſs. If illegal violence ſhall be exerciſed, I will oppoſe it with vigour, ſhould the uſurpation originate from any man, or body of men, however reſpectable, or be ſupported by any power, however formidable. The law alone ſhall determine on the liberty of each individual, nor ſhall the wanton caprice of a wretched ſet of deſpotic Miniſters ſport with the impriſonment of their equals, the Freemen of this land. A very ſhort period ſhall be put to ſuch lawleſs oppreſſion. I am happy in the hearty concurrence of my worthy colleague, with reſpect to the whole plan of our future conduct. We reſt in an entire confidence that we ſhall experience your ſteady ſupport in the due execution of our office. On my own part, I ſolemnly promiſe, that thro' life, I will continue the guardian of the laws, and the friend of the people. The ſame arbitrary faction, who the laſt winter trampled on the privileges of the nation, and the franchiſes of the capital, ſtill continuing in power, and to-morrow being to reſume their baneful and dangerous deliberations, we may ſoon expect a like atrocious invaſion of our rights. Prudence therefore calls loudly upon us to unite and prepare for a defence of whatever is moſt dear to us as Men, as Engliſhmen, againſt theſe common enemies of our liberties. I am ſure you will not be wanting to your own honour and ſecurity, to the glory of your anceſtors, and the welfare of your poſterity. In your Sheriffs you will find men determined to ſerve you with fidelity and ſpirit, and zealous to obey the commands of the Livery of London.

I am, Gentlemen, with much reſpect,
Your grateful and obedient humble ſervant,
JOHN WILKES.

Hiſtorical ANECDOTES *of the private Lives of His* MAJESTY *and his amiable* QUEEN.

SOON after our Gracious Monarch, GEORGE the Third, aſcended the Throne, he became deſirous of ſecuring to this kingdom the bleſſing of a Proteſtant ſucceſſion.

Politicians, who are always fruitful in conjectures, anxious to have their Sovereign enter into the connubial ſtate, were buſied in endeavours to find out a Lady worthy the heart and hand of a King, who ſeemed endowed with every requiſite that might promiſe felicity to the fair one who had attractions ſufficient to gain and keep his affections.

As external accompliſhments are always ſuppoſed to have a moſt powerful effect over the generality of mankind, the nation was tempted to ſingle out ſome graceful charmer, on whom nature was ſuppoſed to have conferred irreſiſtible beauties.

The diſpoſition of his Majeſty was however unknown to theſe connoiſſeurs. Bleſſed with judgment, good ſenſe, and penetration, our Monarch proceeded with the greateſt deliberation. Conſcious that the alliance into which he was about to enter, would be productive of happineſs or miſery in *the extreme*; his Majeſty determined not to permit the glare of corporal grace, or figure, to impoſe upon his ſenſes, or warp him from the purſuit of the more laſting embelliſhments of the heart. If domeſtic unhappineſs ſhould enſue, his Majeſty's ſubjects might feel indeed a painful ſympathy for his misfortunes; but his Majeſty himſelf would experience a kind of [illegible]ture, not conceivable by thoſe who are ſtrangers, unleſs in theory, to the tormenting anguiſh of an aching heart.

Full of theſe refined ſentiments, our amiable monarch, after making the neceſſary enquiries, fixed his choice upon the Princeſs Charlotte of Mecklenburgh-Strelitz.

The family of this illuſtrious and highly-favoured lady, had, in a variety of inſtances, ſhewn the greateſt attachment to our monarch's anceſtors, and zeal for the Proteſtant cauſe. No *national* objection therefore could be made to this alliance; and when the intellectual merits of the Princeſs became more univerſally known, it was not doubted, but every well-wiſher to his Majeſty would highly approve of the marriage.

The Princeſs Charlotte had given ſeveral diſtinguiſhed proofs of the refinement of her taſte, the ſolidity of her judgment, and the perfections of her mind. His Majeſty had an opportunity of *firſt* becoming acquainted with theſe good qualities of the Princeſs, by the means of a letter which ſhe wrote to the Pruſſian Monarch, when he entered the territories of her couſin the Duke of Mecklenburgh-Swerin. This letter will ſhew, that the praiſes laviſhly beſtowed upon the Princeſs Charlotte were founded on truth. We ſhall favour our readers with a tranſcript of the original——it may be deemed a Royal Literary Curioſity, and will ever be new on account of its manifold beauties.

To the KING *of* PRUSSIA.

"*May it pleaſe your Majeſty,*

"I Am at a loſs whether I ſhall congratulate or condole with you on your late victory; ſince the ſame ſucceſs that has covered *you* with laurels, has overſpread *my country* with deſolation.

"I know, Sire, that it ſeems unbecoming my *ſex*, in this age of *vicious refinement*, to feel for one's country, to lament the horrors of war, or wiſh for the return of peace. I know you may think it more properly my province to ſtudy the *art of pleaſing*, or to turn my thoughts to ſubjects of a more domeſtic nature; but however unbecoming it may be in me, I cannot reſiſt the deſire of interceding for this unhappy people.

"It was but a few years ſince this territory wore the moſt pleaſing appearance; the country was cultivated, the peaſant looked chearful, and the towns abounded with riches and feſtivity. What an alteration at preſent from ſuch a charming ſcene! I am not expert at diſcription, nor can my fancy add any horrors to the picture; but ſure even conquerors themſelves would weep at the hideous proſpect now before me. The whole country, my dear country! lies one frightful waſte, preſenting only objects to excite terror, pity, and deſpair. The buſineſs of the huſbandman and the ſhepherd are quite diſcontinued; the huſbandman and the ſhepherd are become ſoldiers themſelves, and help to ravage the ſoil they formerly occupied. The towns are inhabited only by old men, women, and children; perhaps here and there a warrior, by wounds or loſs of limbs, rendered unfit for ſervice, is left at his door: His little children hang round him; aſk an hiſtory of every wound, and grow themſelves ſoldiers before they find ſtrength for the field. But this were nothing, did we not feel the alternate inſolence of *either* army, as it happens to advance or retreat. It is impoſſible to expreſs the confuſion, even thoſe who call themſelves our friends, create; even thoſe from whom we might expect redreſs, oppreſs us with new calamities.

"From your juſtice, therefore, it is that we hope for relief; to you, even children and women may complain, whoſe humanity ſtoops to the meaneſt petition, and whoſe power is capable of repreſſing the greateſt injuſtice. I am, Sire, &c."

This epiſtle the King of Pruſſia ſent over to our Monarch, who no ſooner peruſed it, than he broke out in raptures, and expreſſed himſelf to a nobleman preſent, in the following terms. "This Heroine is the Lady whom I ſhall ſelect for my Conſort. Here are laſting beauties—the man who has any mind, may *feaſt* and not be *ſatiated*. If the *diſpoſitions* of the Princeſs but equals her *refined ſtyle*, I ſhall be the happieſt man, as I hope, with my people's concurrence, to be the greateſt monarch in Europe."

That his Majeſty had great reaſon for his favourable opinion, appears evidently from the letter; which, conſidering the youth of the Princeſs, is certainly a moſt wonderful excellent compoſition; and that our Monarch's prophecy, ſalutive to his own felicity, has been completely fulfilled, is clear, from the harmony in which this Royal Couple have lived ever ſince the day they avowed fidelity to each other.

When the nuptial knot was tied, Queen Charlotte, far from being elated at her exaltation, ſhewed, by her extreme affability and condeſcenſion, a mind infinitely ſuperior even to royalty.—Her engaging behaviour endeared her to all ranks of people, whilſt her innocent and virtuous diſpoſitions gained ſo much upon the affections of her royal conſort, that he became enamoured to an exceſs of fondneſs, and each revolving day encreaſed his happineſs as it engroſſed his years.

As the German Ladies are generally prolific, her Majeſty had produced a numerous brood of ſeedlings. Unlike in moſt things to our faſhionable dames, her Majeſty ſcorns to leave the management of her offspring to an unfeeling nurſe, or a prattling giddy waiting-woman. The Queen watches over her helpleſs innocents, and with all her ſoft ſolicitude of maternal tenderneſs, guides their infant ſteps with a mother's ſoftening hand. Her Majeſty is truly ſenſible, that as ſhe cannot transfer her feeling, ſo neither can ſhe her anxiety for her children's welfare to another; and that ſhe abhors the opinion, too univerſally received amongſt the ladies, that, "attending upon infants is a ſervile drudgery," will appear from the following genuine anecdote:

In a converſation which paſſed between the Queen and a certain Ducheſs, her Majeſty expreſſed an aſtoniſhment, that the Ladies entruſted their children, when they took an airing, to the care of ſervants, and were ſo ſeldom ſeen with them themſelves. The Ducheſs inclined to vindicate the practice, her Majeſty interrupting her with "this ſenſible admonition: "You are, ſaid "ſhe, a mother—you converſe with a mother—and I ſhould be "ſorry you would force me to ſuppoſe you *callous*, where you "ought to be *moſt ſuſceptible*."

There is ſuch an admirable uniformity in the diſpoſitions of the royal pair, their minds are formed in ſuch perfect *uniſon* to each other, that allowing for the difference ariſing from the perplexing affairs of government, it is impoſſible to portray the character of the *one*, without including, at the ſame time, that of the *other*.

The frequency of divorces, and the infidelity of either ſex, ſhocks his Majeſty's nature. He hath not been bred in the ſchool of quibbling; he hath not been taught to conceive that libertiniſm and licentiouſneſs, was culpable only in the *females*. His Majeſty juſtly concludes, that the *man* cannot eſtrange his affections, without violating in every reſpect, the matrimonial contract. The multiplied infidelities of late years, have moſt ſenſibly affected our Monarch, whoſe expanded heart ſympathizes with every misfortune, under which his people labour. His Majeſty is known to ſhudder whenever he ſigns a warrant for a felon's execution; and he not long ſince declared, that, "he never aſſented to a bill, praying for a divorce, but with an internal kind of reluctance."

It is not an eaſy taſk to decide, whether his Majeſty is moſt exemplary as a *father* or an *huſband*. Conſidered in the character of the latter, he is all ſoftneſs, all affection, all indulgence, and has a heart ſuſceptible of every domeſtic pleaſure. As a father, he is ſevere without being moroſe, familiar without at all relaxing his paternal authority, and affectionate without that weakneſs which makes youth but too preſuming.

His Majeſty takes laborious pains in the culture of his children's minds. He is truly ſenſible of the neceſſity of *bending the twig when young*, if we are deſirous of its having the proper ſhape ever after. When the King's other avocations, therefore, will permit him leiſure, he employs it uſually in giving his progeny ſuch inſtructions as their infant minds are capable of receiving: for his Majeſty has frequently obſerved that "it is chiefly owing to the parent if the children are devoid of proper principles."

It would be needleſs to recapitulate every minute occurrence, as we mean not to write an hiſtory of our Sovereign's life, but only to ſketch out his excellencies, for others to copy after, ſo truly an illuſtrious example. As, however, our readers may be ſolicitous to attend our monarch into his moſt private receſſes, we have endeavoured to procure every information which we thought might gratify their curioſity.

In winter his Majeſty uſually riſes betwixt ſix and ſeven, and retires to his devotions in a private apartment, where he continues near an hour. In ſummer his Majeſty ſeldom lies longer than ſix. After breakfaſt his Majeſty dreſſes, attends the public buſineſs, if any. Afterwards he has his children brought to him, and then retires to his ſtudy, to proſecute ſome new ingenious diſcovery, or attend to the converſation of ſome man of ſcience and knowledge.

The Queen generally ſpends the forenoon with her little ones, and as ſhe is to the laſt degree ingenious, ſhe is generally employed about drawing, or the moſt curious kind of needle-work, the latter of which is her favourite amuſement.

The King is remarkably temperate, ſeldom indulging himſelf in more than four glaſſes of wine at dinner, and a little wine and water at ſupper. The afternoon, if no ſtate affairs require his conſultation, his Majeſty ſpends in reading ſome favourite author to the Queen; who has given the beſt proof that ſhe thoroughly underſtands our language, by conceiving the greateſt attachment to Shakeſpeare's moſt eſteemed plays.

As his Majeſty was taught to ſpeak with all the graces of oratory, by the celebrated Quin, perſons who have had acceſs to his royal preſence declare, that the King reads and ſpeaks more like a profeſſor of eloquence than a Monarch, who might be ſuppoſed ſomewhat ſoftened with the luxury of a Court.

After ſupper his Majeſty and the Queen join in private devotions, and peruſing each ſome moral or religious author, they retire early to reſt.

Such is the life, ſuch the diſpoſitions of our amiable Sovereign. His Court is not filled with "Bacchus and noiſy revellers." It is not an Eaſtern Seraglio. It is the reſidence of virtue, ſcience, and religion. He is the father of a well-governed family; the fond, the affectionate huſband of the moſt meritorious Lady in the Britiſh dominions. Their days are ſpent in ſocial comforts, and each riſing morn they experience "high-flavoured joys" proceeding from heart-felt delight.

It is not poſſible to view this happy pair without becoming converts to Hymen, and praiſing the connubial ſtate in the language of Milton:

Hail wedded Love! myſterious law, true ſource
Of human offspring, ſole propriety
In Paradiſe of all things common elſe, &c. &c.

From the WHITEHALL EVENING-POST.

To the Keeper of the BUCKS *Inn, in the* ISLE *of* WIGHT.

WIGHT is the Paradiſe of Britain's Iſle,
Where Health, Love, Plenty, moſt ſpontaneous ſmile;
Where bounteous Nature lavishly bedews
Tenfold their Bleſſings which her England knows:
But tho' amidſt this Plenty, can you dare,
Preſumptuous Stranger, to expect good Fare?
No; tho' the Sot liſt that rules the horrid ſtew,
Will give you woolly Mutton, Rat-gut Wine

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, &c. 11th May, 1772.

PRESENT,

His Honour the CHIEF JUSTICE,

Mr. Juſtice COSSLETT, Mr. Juſtice MURRAY,

Mr. Juſtice FEWTRELL.

WHEREAS the CORONERS and JUSTICES of the PEACE for this Province, have frequently neglected to take the Examinations of Perſons who have been brought before them charged with Felonies and other Offences, and to reduce into Writing the Teſtimony of the Witneſſes who have before them charged the ſaid Perſons with ſuch Offences; and alſo to take the Recognizances of the ſaid Parties and Witneſſes, to appear and give Evidence before the Juſtices of Goal Delivery, agreeable to the Direction of the Statutes of the 1ſt and 2d of *Ph. & Ma.* Cap. xiii. and 2d and 3d of *Ph. & Ma.* Cap. x. whereby the Buſineſs at the Seſſions is much delayed; the Jurors obliged to give a longer Attendance than would otherwiſe be neceſſary; Felons and other Criminals do eſcape Juſtice, and many other Inconveniences do ariſe. To prevent which for the future, It is hereby Ordered, That whenever any Perſon ſhall hereafter be brought before any Coroner or Juſtice of the Peace for this Province, charged with any Felony, or other indictable Offence, and ſhall thereupon be either let out upon Bail or committed, that ſuch Coroner or Juſtice ſhall take as well the Examination in Writing of ſuch Felon or Offender, as the Depoſition in Writing of the ſaid Witneſſes; plainly and diſtinctly ſetting forth all the ſeveral material Matters of Fact, ſworn to by the ſaid Witneſſes; and ſhall then bind over the ſeveral neceſſary Witneſſes in Recognizances, to appear and give Evidence at the next General Seſſions of the Peace.

And it is further Ordered, That ſuch Juſtice of the Peace or Coroner, ſhall certify the ſaid Examinations, Depoſitions, and Recognizances, and tranſmit them to the Office of the Clerk of the Crown, within *Four Days* after the ſame ſhall be ſo taken, if ſuch Coroner or Juſtice lives in CHARLES-TOWN, and by the firſt convenient Opportunity if ſuch Coroner or Juſtice lives in the Country.

And Notice is hereby given, To all Coroners and Juſtices, who ſhall hereafter neglect ſo to take ſuch Examinations, Depoſitions, and Recognizances, or when ſo taken, to certify and return the ſame as aforeſaid, that they will be proceeded againſt and fined for ſuch Neglect, agreeable to the Directions of the above-mentioned Statutes.

And it is hereby further Ordered, That the Names of the ſeveral Parties, who ſhall be bound over to appear and defend, or to proſecute and give Evidence, ſhall be called over on their Recognizances on the *firſt Day* of every Seſſions, immediately after the Charge to the Grand Jury; and in Caſe they do not appear, their Default ſhall be recorded, and their Recognizances ordered to be eſtreated: Nevertheleſs, Proceſſes or Warrants, as the Caſe ſhall require, ſhall forthwith be ordered to iſſue againſt them and their Bail.

And, That the ſaid Coroners, Juſtices, and other Parties concerned, may be ſufficiently apprized of their Duty, It is hereby further Directed, That theſe Orders be filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Crown, that all Juſtices, and others concerned, may take Copies thereof, if they pleaſe, and that the ſame be publiſhed in the ſeveral Gazettes of this Province.

By the Court,

James Johnſton, C. C. & P.

At the Subſcriber's STORE *oppoſite the* NEW EXCHANGE,

A full Aſſortment of Goods,

Calculated to ſuit the preſent Seaſon,

Which he has imported by the Captains COOMBES *and* MASKALL, *from* LONDON;

A few of which it may be proper here to particularize, *viz.*

SEVERAL complete Setts of Glaſſes for Side-Boards, elegantly cut and flowered, with the faſhionable Quantity of Pint Decanters to each Sett; India Candle Shades; ſtriped India Taffaties; a Variety of Engliſh Ditto, of an entire new Manufactory, beautiful Figures, and cheap:—a very large Aſſortment of India Chints, bordered and plain, ſome of the latter uncommonly fine, and extra Lengths; China Pickle-Saucers; Crow coloured Mantuas, quite free of Spots, with ſeveral Dozens of black Silk Trimmings for Ditto, very much the Faſhion at preſent:—Great Variety of Ribbons, Saſh and Sarſenets, Thread and Blond Edgings of all Prices, double and edged Thread Lappet Laces, Ladies white Morocco and fineſt black Ruſſel Pumps, white Holland Gloves branched, Silk Gauze Handkerchiefs, with coloured Borders; Loom quilting for Petticoats, large Cotton Marſeilles Bed Covers; Boys black and blue Sattin Hats, with Gold Bands; whimſey Hats; freſh Pickles, among which are the green and white Mangoes; Womens and Girls Ticken turned Stays, crimſon and blue Coventry marking Thread; a freſh ſupply of Iriſh Linens, of all Prices, equal to his laſt Importation, ſo well known for being cheap, &c. &c. The above will be ſold at a moderate Advance.

WILLIAM DOUGHTY.

JAMES OLIPHANT,

Has juſt imported in the CAROLINA-MERCHANT, *Captain* MASKALL, *from* LONDON,

A VARIETY of JEWELLERY,

WITH

SOME PLATE:

Which he will ſell on the moſt REASONABLE TERMS, at his Shop on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE,

N. B. Amongſt the above, is a neat Aſſortment of CUTTEAUX DE CHASSE.

THE ASSESSMENT on the Taxable Inhabitants, and others who have Eſtates in the Pariſhes of ST. PHILIP and ST. MICHAEL, Charles-Town, for the Maintenance of the Poor thereof, for One Year, being finiſhed:

Notice is hereby given,

That the Subſcriber will attend to receive the ſame, at the Houſe of Mrs. CATHERINE POINSETT, in Elliott-ſtreet, from Monday the 25th Inſtant, to Saturday the 14th of June, from the Hours of Three to Six in the Afternoon.

By Order of the Veſtry,

PETER BOUNETHEAU, Clerk.

William Glen *and* Son,

Have juſt imported in the UNION, *Captain* COOMBES, *from* LONDON,

A general and complete Aſſortment

OF

European & Eaſt-India Goods,

(Suitable to preſent SEASON)

Which they will ſell on the moſt REASONABLE TERMS that can poſſibly be afforded, at their Stores in *Elliott-ſtreet*:

Among which they particularize the following:

A Great Variety of printed Linens, Cottons, and Callicoes; Engliſh and India Chints, ſome with Borders; Iriſh Sheeting, and other Linens, of all Prices; flowered, Clear, Piſtol, and Long Lawns; Cambricks; Muſlins; Damaſk and Diaper Table-Cloths; Huckaback; Dimities; Dowlas:—A great Variety of Checks, Stripes, and Cotton Hollands; Oſnabrugs; Fuſtians; Jeans; Thickſets; Princes Stuffs; India Nankeens; Damaſks; Calimancoes; Durants; Tammies; Sagathies:—A great Choice of the moſt faſhionable ſuperfine Broad and other Cloths, with ſuitable Trimmings; Cotton, Linen, and Silk Handkerchiefs; black Barcelona Cravats and Handkerchiefs:—A Variety of Mens, Womens, Boys, and Girls Silk, Cotton, and Thread Hoſe; Women's Calimanco Shoes and Pumps; Leather Ditto; Breeches Patterns; Thread and Silk Pavilion Gauze:—A Variety of India Perſians, Taffaties, and other Silks; Stuff for Ladies Petticoats, wove like Quilting; Turned Stays; black and Blond Laces; Head Lace and Edgings:—A Variety of Ribbons; Ferrits; Bindings; Gartering; Tapes; Threads; Laces; Sewing Silks; Fans; Needles; Pins, &c.—Men's Beaver and Felt Hats; Ladies Riding and Silk Ditto; Spices of all Sorts; Black Pepper; Fig and Powder Blue; Poland and Common Starch; very fine Bohea Tea; Loaf-Sugar; Sallad Oil; Family Medicines; Paints of all Colours; Linſeed Oil; Glue; Window Glaſs; ſhort and long Pipes; Iron Pots; Steel; Bar Iron; Bar Lead and Shot; Gun-Powder; Nails of all Sorts; Locks; Hinges, and other Articles for Building; Hoes; Axes; Sieves; Mill-Saws; Croſs-cut and Whip Saws, and other Plantation Tools; Sets of Deſk and Cheſt-of-Drawers Furniture; Braſs and Box Caſtors, and other Articles for Cabinet Ware; Carpenters and Coopers Tools:—A great Variety of Cutlery, Ironmongery, Sadlery, Braſiery, and Stationary; blue and white, and enamelled China; Queen's and Stone Ware; Glaſs of all Sorts; Horn Tumblers; Bruſhes and Brooms; Shoe Thread and Spinnel; Horſe Hair Seating; Portmanteau Trunks, *&c. &c.*

N. B. RUM of all Sorts, MUSCOVADO SUGAR, COFFEE, PIMENTO, *&c.*

LEGER & GREENWOOD,

Take the Liberty (through this Channel) to acquaint their Friends in General,

They have imported in the UNION, Captain COOMBES, from LONDON,

A VARIETY OF ARTICLES,

(Many from the firſt Hand)

Neceſſary for the preſent SEASON:

Which they purpoſe ſupplying them with on their uſual good Terms:

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

HEAD Lace; Blond Ditto; Pearl and Hanover Ditto; coats; Silk Patterns for Ditto; Caſimires; Princes Stuffs; Serge and corded Duroys; A few plain Silks and brown Taffaties; A great Variety of Ribbons; Plain and flowered Muſlins; Yard-wide & 6-4 Book Ditto; Gauzes; White Thread Bed-Fringe and Taſſels; A Variety of printed Linens and Callicoes; India Chints and Ginghams; Mens, Womens, Boys, & Girl's Thread & Cotton Stockings; Men's Silk Stockings; Silk Breeches Pieces; Sattin, Perſian, and Durant Very fine white Chip Hats; Cane Ditto; Silk Liberty Hats and Feathers, Boy's Thinnet Whimſey Ditto, with Ditto; Brocade and Sattin Pumps; Mahogany Ciſterns; Mahogany oval Cooling Tubs; Toilet Glaſſes; Neat Boxes for Ditto; A Variety of different ſized neat Wilton Carpets; Lift Carpeting; Horſe Hair Ditto; Horſe Hair Chair Seating; Beſt blue Raiſins; Almonds in the Shell, &c. &c.

A Variety of *Manchester* CHECKS, and a few Half Cheſts of BOHEA-TEA, they will ſell very LOW, for *Caſh*.

JAMIESON, SIMONS, & Co.

Have juſt imported by the UNION, COOMBES, *from* LONDON, *and the* FREEMAN, SHEPHEARD, *from* BRISTOL,

A very general and complete Aſſortment

OF

European & Eaſt-India Goods,

Suitable for the Summer Seaſon; among which are,

A Large Parcel of well-choſen plain, white, coloured, and figured SILKS; two very handſome BROCADES, all free from Spots; plain, ſtriped, and flowered Muſlins, India Chints, Taffaties, Perſians, printed Linens, Cambricks and Callicoes; very handſome brocaded and plain Silk Shoes, black and white ſingle and double edged Blond Laces; fine Hanover Head joining and Thread edging Ditto; a Quantity of exceeding neat Fans and Ribbons, Men and Womens wove and knit Silk, Cotton, and Thread Hoſe, ribbed and plain; Mens Silk and Worſted Waiſtcoat and Breeches Patterns, Gold and Silver Laces and Buttons, Glaſs and Queen's Ware of all Kinds, Sets of enamelled and pencil Tea China, Sets of blue and white Table ditto, Marſeilles Quilting; a large Parcel of Cutlery, purchaſed with Caſh from the Manufacturers; Nails, Plantation and Workmens Tools of all Kinds, with many other Articles too tedious to enumerate, make a very large and complete Aſſortment, which they will ſell on their uſual moderate Terms.

*** Their Friends in the Country may depend on the immediate Execution of their Orders.

TOLLED before me on the 20th of *April* laſt, by JACOB MCKAY, a black HORSE, about fourteen Hands high, and near ten Years old, he has a Star in his Forehead, and ſome White on his upper Lip; branded on the near Thigh 2 F. A Trotter. The Owner muſt prove his Property before

HENRY CASSELS, J. P.

SALE by the Provoſt-Marſhal.

On FRIDAY, *the 5th of* JUNE *next, will be ſold, at public Vendue, at the Vendue-Houſe in* GEORGE-TOWN,

ALL that PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, ſituate on *Black River*, about ſix Miles from *George-Town*, containing 300 Acres, more or leſs, and is bounded North-Eaſt by Black River; South-Eaſt by Mr. Sarrazin's Land; North-Weſt by John Glen's Land, and South-Weſt by Land unknown:—Late the Property of WILLIAM SMITH, deceaſed, and ſold under Execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, *P. M.*

THE LARGE AND COMPLEAT

Map of South-Carolina,

WITH all the ISLANDS, MARSHES, SWAMPS, BAYS, RIVERS, CREEKS, INLAND NAVIGATIONS, and all COUNTIES, DISTRICTS, TOWNS, ROADS, COUNTY PARISHES, and PROVINCIAL LINES, from an actual SURVEY, *Six Feet* wide, and *Five* and a *Half* long; elegantly engraved, and done on Canvas and Rollers in London:—To be ſold for the PROPRIETORS, at *Two Guineas* each, by

6 w. ANCRUMS & CHIFFELLE.

For *Norfolk*, *Maryland*, *Philadelphia*, or *New-York*,

THE BRIGANTINE

RECOVERY,

John Bochanan, Maſter,

(Will ſail with all convenient Speed.)

FOR Freight or Paſſage, ſhe having good Accommodations, apply to ſaid Maſter, or DAVID & JOHN DEAS.

A PARCEL OF EXCEEDING Good INDIAN CORN,

AND A FEW

Small Caſks of SHIP BREAD,

To be SOLD on Board the ſaid Veſſel.

Apply as above.

For RHODE-ISLAND,

THE SLOOP

CHARLES-TOWN,

DANIEL MUNRO, *Maſter*,

(Will ſail in Ten Days.)

FOR Freight or Paſſage, having good Accommodations, apply to ſaid Maſter, or NATHANIEL RUSSELL.

Who has for Sale, Northward RUM, LOAF-SUGAR, SOAP, *&c.*

To be SOLD *by* PRIVATE CONTRACT,

A HOUSE and LOT in Anſonſburgh, at preſent occupied by BENJAMIN LUGER, Eſq; very pleaſantly ſituated on two Streets, between William Moultrie, Eſq's. and Mrs. Guerard's, with a Kitchen, Chair-Houſe, Stables, and Room enough for a large Garden. Enquire of JOHN SCOTT.

One Hundred Pounds Reward.

RUN AWAY, or STOLEN from the Subſcriber, the 20th of September laſt, a Mulatto Fellow, named DICK, of a middle Size, a little Bow-kneed, a ſmall Scar on his left Knee, and about Twenty Years of Age; can work at the Shoe-maker's Buſineſs.—He has endeavoured to paſs by the Name of JOHN, or TOM MACKLIN. The laſt Accounts of him were from the Head of Tyger River, where he was ſeen with a Couple of noted Villains, *George Bennet* and *Joſeph Dotay*, who have now a Hue and Cry after them. Any Perſon that will ſecure the ſaid Slave, and deliver him to me on *Broad River*, near the *Fiſh Ford*, ſhall receive the above Reward.—He is a remarkable Whiſtler, and plays on the Violin. DAVID HOPKINS.

THIS is to inform all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JOHN DODD, that the Books of Accounts are lodged in the Hands of WILLIAM MASON, Eſq; Attorney at Law, who has Orders to ſue for all Debts unpaid after the firſt of June next.

All thoſe to whom the Eſtate is indebted, are requeſted to meet at Mrs. POINSETT's, on the firſt of June, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, when the Executors will attend, in Order to ſettle their reſpective Concerns.

To be ſold a great Bargain,

Or exchanged for an equal Value in any Part of the Town,

Two Tenements on Guignard-ſtreet.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common-Pleas, begun and holden in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 12th Day of May, 1772,

ANDREW LORD, JEREMIAH SAVAGE, THOMAS-LOUGHTON SMITH, RICHARD PARK STOBO, and CHRISTOPHER PETER,

Being duly ſummoned and returned, to ſerve as JURORS at the ſaid Court, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance: THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That they will be fined in the Sum of *Five Pounds* Proclamation-Money, each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively, make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, on or before the firſt Tueſday in July next. JAMES JOHNSTON, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, May 12, 1772.

Charles-Town: Printed by POWELL, HUGHES, & Co. at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange;

Where ADVERTISEMENTS are taken in, and every Branch of the PRINTING BUSINESS performed with Accuracy, Neatneſs, and the greateſt Diſpatch: Of whom may be had, all Kinds of BLANKS made Uſe of in this Province, printed on neat Types and good Paper.

SUPPLEMENT to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1893] THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1772.

LONDON.

To the worthy LIVERYMEN *of the City of* LONDON.

Guildhall, January 20, 1772.

GENTLEMEN,

THE dignity of the office, which your favour conferred upon me, forbids my engaging in a newspaper controverſy, begun in a moſt unbecoming manner, and carried on with little argument, but much indecent paſſion, by ſuch men as Mr. Robert Holloway, Mr. W. F. Jackſon, and Mr. James Stephen.—The groſs perſonal abuſe, with which the preſs has ſpawned for many weeks, I regarded with contempt; but the ſtrong deſire I feel at all times to give you the fulleſt information of my public conduct, and of the faithful execution of thoſe powers, with which I am intruſted, will not ſuffer me any longer to remain ſilent, or to leave their calumnies unrefuted.

I am accuſed of violating the laws by permitting the Bailiffs to apprehend perſons for debt, and afterwards continuing them in priſon, by the authority of my office. The charge againſt me perſonally is highly aggravated by theſe men from the circumſtance of my having formerly ſtood forth in defence of the perſonal rights of the ſubject againſt *General Warrants*, and the frightful picture of the cruel confinement of many objects, now languiſhing in priſon for debt, by my abuſe of power, thence receives a very deep and black colouring, and indeed from the contraſt becomes the more ſtriking and tragically alarming. The preſent complaint however is not an ingenious diſcovery firſt broached in my Sheriffalty, nor has the queſtion of the unlawfulneſs of impriſonment for debt been ſtarted as a new matter of debate and uncertainty ſince I was ſworn into office. In November 1770, the merits of the caſe on the petition of theſe men were argued before the Judges of the Court of King's-Bench. They were unanimous in the opinion, that the *law of the land* juſtified impriſonment for debt, and then remanded to priſon a debtor, who was brought before them by Habeas Corpus, on purpoſe to try this very queſtion. At the ſame time they pointed out to the unhappy priſoners, the only poſſible relief they could receive, an application to Parliament for the alteration of the laws now actually in force reſpecting debtors. I have not heard that any ſuch application has yet been made, or that my predeceſſors in office were ſerved with actions for falſe impriſonment, becauſe they obeyed the cuſtomary writs of a ſuperior Court of Juſtice. The queſtion was long agitated, and in a variety of ſhapes, but that litigious mode of proceeding was deferred to the year of my Sheriffalty, by the ſubtle contrivance of a wicked and vindictive adminiſtration. It was reſerved as a mark of vengeance againſt me, the devoted victim of their malice. I do not intend, Gentlemen, at your fair and impartial bar to avail myſelf of the plea, that if I had taken upon me to releaſe all debtors in this city and country, impriſoned by the ancient proceſs of law, I ſhould have been liable to innumerable actions for eſcapes, and to the payments of their reſpective debts. I deſpiſe the cowardly meanneſs of ſuch a defence. I have never ſhrunk from any danger in the ſupport of the laws of my country. But I aver that, upon a cloſe examination of the ſtatute law of this kingdom, the deliberate judgment of one of our ſuperior Courts of Juſtice, and the private opinion of the ſoundeſt lawyers, whom I conſulted, I thought it my duty to direct the uſual warrants to iſſue in my name, as a miniſterial officer of law. I could not think myſelf juſtified, from a motive of compaſſion, which in every caſe of diſtreſs I feel, but in this had no right to indulge, if I had ventured to commit a manifeſt injury againſt a great number of creditors, who were purſuing the accuſtomed courſe of actions at law for the recovery of their property. I was not to decide on the wiſdom or equity of the law. My province was to obey, when it appeared clear and certain. My brother Sheriff, than whom freedom has not a firmer friend, agreed with me in opinion of the law, as it now ſtands, and of the duty of our office. The ſentiments of the whole legiſlative body on this ſubject, have been demonſtrated from time to time, by the frequent acts for the *Relief of Inſolvent Debtors*, one of which paſſed in this Parliament. Although an infamous majority in the Houſe of Commons robbed the Freeholders of Middleſex of their right of repreſentation, and of conſequence deprived me of the ſatisfaction of giving my vote for ſo merciful an act, I rejoiced that the rigour of the law was mitigated by the interpoſition of Parliament. I hope that ſuch an act will ſoon paſs to operate regularly at ſtated, ſhort periods, under certain reſtrictions, or that we ſhall have an entire new code of laws reſpecting debtors, to reconcile the rights of a free people, with the intereſts of the moſt commercial country in the world. Yet, while the law remains in its preſent ſtate, I think it incumbent on a good ſubject not to obſtruct its operations, but to yield a ready obedience.

The words of the Great Charter I hold ſacred, "No Freeman ſhall be taken, or impriſoned, or be diſſeiſed of his freehold, or liberties, or free cuſtoms, but by lawful judgment of his Peers, or by the *law of the land*," and permit me to aſſure you, that, while I continue in office, through the extent of the juriſdiction you have aſſigned to me, no perſon ſhall ſuffer an illegal impriſonment. I acknowledge no authority but what is founded on the laws and the conſtitution. As a private man, I was engaged for many years in an important ſtruggle for the liberty of the ſubject againſt the great officers of the Crown. It was at length terminated by the annihilation of the power which they had uſurped. I am at this time armed with your authority to withſtand every encroachment on the perſonal rights and privileges of my fellow-ſubjects in this city, and the county of Middleſex. They ſhall therefore now find relief in the moſt effectual and ſummary way. I ſhould bluſh, if any perſon ſuffered an injury, which I had the power, but wanted the ſpirit, to redreſs. If illegal violence ſhall be exerciſed, I will oppoſe it with vigour, ſhould the uſurpation originate from any man, or body of men, however reſpectable, or be ſupported by any power, however formidable. The law alone ſhall determine on the liberty of each individual, nor ſhall the wanton caprice of a wretched ſet of deſpotic Miniſters ſport with the impriſonment of their equals, the Freemen of this land. A very ſhort period ſhall be put to ſuch lawleſs oppreſſion. I am happy in the hearty concurrence of my worthy colleague, with reſpect to the whole plan of our future conduct. We reſt in an entire confidence that we ſhall experience your ſteady ſupport in the due execution of our office. On my own part, I firmly promiſe, that thro' life, I will continue the guardian of the laws, and the friend of the people. The ſame arbitrary faction, who the laſt winter trampled on the privileges of the nation, and the franchiſes of the capital, ſtill continuing in power, and to-morrow being to reſume their baneful and dangerous deliberations, we may ſoon expect a like atrocious invaſion of our rights. Prudence therefore calls loudly upon us to unite and prepare for a defence of whatever is moſt dear to us as Men, as Engliſhmen, againſt theſe common enemies of our liberties. I am ſure you will not be wanting to your own honour and ſecurity, to the glory of your anceſtors, and the welfare of your poſterity. In your Sheriffs you will find men determined to ſerve you with fidelity and ſpirit, and zealous to obey the commands of the Livery of London.

I am, Gentlemen, with much reſpect,
Your grateful and obedient humble ſervant,
JOHN WILKES.

Hiſtorical ANECDOTES *of the private Lives of His* MAJESTY *and his amiable* QUEEN.

SOON after our Gracious Monarch, GEORGE the Third, aſcended the Throne, he became deſirous of ſecuring to this kingdom the bleſſing of a Proteſtant ſucceſſion.

Politicians, who are always fruitful in conjectures, anxious to have their Sovereign enter into the connubial ſtate, were buſied in endeavours to find out a Lady worthy the heart and hand of a King, who ſeemed endowed with every requiſite that might promiſe felicity to the fair one who had attractions ſufficient to gain and keep his affections.

As external accompliſhments are always ſuppoſed to have a moſt powerful effect over the generality of mankind, the nation was tempted to ſingle out ſome graceful charmer, on whom nature was ſuppoſed to have conferred irreſiſtible beauties.

The diſpoſition of his Majeſty was however unknown to theſe connoiſſeurs. Bleſſed with judgment, good ſenſe, and penetration, our Monarch proceeded with the greateſt deliberation. Conſcious that the alliance into which he was about to enter, would be productive of happineſs or miſery in *the extreme*; his Majeſty determined not to permit the glare of corporal grace, or figure, to impoſe upon his ſenſes, or warp him from the purſuit of the more laſting embelliſhments of the heart. If domeſtic unhappineſs ſhould enſue, his Majeſty's ſubjects might feel indeed a painful ſympathy for his misfortunes; but his Majeſty himſelf would experience a kind of torture, not conceivable by thoſe who are ſtrangers, unleſs in theory, to the tormenting anguiſh of an aching heart.

Full of theſe refined ſentiments, our amiable monarch, after making the neceſſary enquiries, fixed his choice upon the Princeſs Charlotte of Mecklenburgh-Strelitz.

The family of this illuſtrious and highly-favoured lady, had, in a variety of inſtances, ſhewn the greateſt attachment to our monarch's anceſtors, and zeal for the Proteſtant cauſe. No *national* objection therefore could be made to this alliance; and when the intellectual merits of the Princeſs became more univerſally known, it was not doubted, but every well-wiſher to his Majeſty would highly approve of the marriage.

The Princeſs Charlotte had given ſeveral diſtinguiſhed proofs of the refinement of her taſte, the ſolidity of her judgment, and the perfections of her mind. His Majeſty had an opportunity of *firſt* becoming acquainted with theſe good qualities of the Princeſs, by the means of a letter which ſhe wrote to the Pruſſian Monarch, when he entered the territories of her couſin the Duke of Mecklenburgh-Swerin. This letter will ſhew, that the praiſes laviſhly beſtowed upon the Princeſs Charlotte were founded on truth. We ſhall favour our readers with a tranſcript of the original——it may be deemed a Royal Literary Curioſity, and will ever be new on account of its manifold beauties.

To the KING *of* PRUSSIA.

"*May it pleaſe your Majeſty*,

"I Am at a loſs whether I ſhall congratulate or condole with you on your late victory; ſince the ſame ſucceſs that has covered *you* with laurels, has overſpread *my country* with deſolation.

"I know, Sire, that it ſeems unbecoming my *ſex*, in this age of *vicious refinement*, to feel for one's country, to lament the horrors of war, or wiſh for the return of peace. I know you may think it more properly my province to ſtudy the *art of pleaſing*, or to turn my thoughts to ſubjects of a more domeſtic nature; but however unbecoming it may be in me, I cannot reſiſt the deſire of interceding for this unhappy people.

"It was but a few years ſince this territory wore the moſt pleaſing appearance; the country was cultivated, the peaſant looked chearful, and the towns abounded with riches and feſtivity. What an alteration at preſent from ſuch a charming ſcene! I am not expert at diſcription, nor can my fancy add any horrors to the picture; but ſure even conquerors themſelves would weep at the hideous proſpect now before me. The whole country, my dear country! lies one frightful waſte, preſenting only objects to excite terror, pity, and deſpair. The buſineſs of the huſbandman and the ſhepherd are quite diſcontinued; the huſbandman and the ſhepherd are become ſoldiers themſelves, and help to ravage the ſoil they formerly occupied. The towns are inhabited only by old men, women, and children; perhaps here and there a warrior, by wounds or loſs of limbs, rendered unfit for ſervice, is left at his door: His little children hang round him; aſk an hiſtory of every wound, and grow themſelves ſoldiers before they find ſtrength for the field. But this were nothing, did we not feel the alternate inſolence of *either* army, as it happens to advance or retreat. It is impoſſible to expreſs the confuſion, even thoſe who call themſelves our friends, create; even thoſe from whom we might expect redreſs, oppreſs us with new calamities.

"From your juſtice, therefore, it is that we hope for relief; to you, even children and women may complain, whoſe humanity ſtoops to the meaneſt petition, and whoſe power is capable of repreſſing the greateſt injuſtice. I am, Sire, &c."

This epiſtle the King of Pruſſia ſent over to our Monarch, who no ſooner peruſed it, than he broke out in raptures, and expreſſed himſelf to a noblemen preſent, in the following terms. "This Heroine is the Lady whom I ſhall ſelect for my Conſort. Here are laſting beauties—the man who has any mind, may *feaſt* and not be *ſatiated*. If the *diſpoſitions* of the Princeſs but equals her *refined ſenſe*, I ſhall be the happieſt man, as I hope, with my people's concurrence, to be the greateſt monarch in Europe."

That his Majeſty had great reaſon for his favourable opinion, appears evidently from the letter; which, conſidering the youth of the Princeſs, is certainly a moſt wonderful excellent compoſition; and that our Monarch's prophecy, relative to his own felicity, has been completely fulfilled, is clear, from the harmony in which this Royal Couple had lived ever ſince the day they avowed fidelity to each other.

When the nuptial knot was tied, Queen Charlotte, far from being elated at her exaltation, ſhewed, by her extreme affability and condeſcenſion, a mind infinitely ſuperior even to royalty.—Her engaging behaviour endeared her to all ranks of people, whilſt her innocent and virtuous diſpoſitions gained ſo much upon the affections of her royal conſort, that he became enamoured to an exceſs of fondneſs, and each revolving day encreaſed his happineſs as it encreaſed his years.

As the German Ladies are generally prolific, her Majeſty had produced a numerous brood of fondlings. Unlike in moſt things to our faſhionable dames, her Majeſty ſcorns to leave the management of her offſpring to an unfeeling nurſe, or a prattling giddy waiting-woman. The Queen watches over her helpleſs innocents, and with all her ſoft ſolicitude of maternal tenderneſs, guides their infant ſteps with a mother's foſtering hand. Her Majeſty is truly ſenſible, that as ſhe cannot transfer her feeling, ſo neither can ſhe her anxiety for her children's welfare to another; and that ſhe abhors the opinion, too univerſally received amongſt the ladies, that, "attending upon infants is a ſervile drudgery," will appear from the following genuine anecdote:

In a converſation which paſſed between the Queen and a certain Ducheſs, her Majeſty expreſſed an aſtoniſhment, that the Ladies entruſted their children, when they took an airing, to the care of ſervants, and were ſo ſeldom ſeen with them themſelves. The Ducheſs inclined to vindicate the practice, her Majeſty interrupting her with "this ſenſible admonition: "You are, ſaid "ſhe, a mother—you converſe with a mother—and I ſhould be "ſorry you would force me to ſuppoſe you *callous*, where you "ought to be *moſt ſuſceptible*."

There is ſuch an admirable uniformity in the diſpoſitions of the royal pair, their minds are formed in ſuch perfect *uniſon* to each other, that allowing for the difference ariſing from the perplexing affairs of government, it is impoſſible to pourtray the character of the *one*, without including, at the ſame time, that of the *other*.

The frequency of divorces, and the infidelity of either ſex, ſhocks his Majeſty's nature. He hath not been bred in the ſchool of quibbling; he hath not been taught to conceive that libertiniſm and licentiouſneſs, was culpable only in the *females*. His Majeſty juſtly concludes, that the *man* cannot eſtrange his affections, without violating in every reſpect, the matrimonial contract. The multiplied infidelities of late years, have moſt ſenſibly affected our Monarch, whoſe expanded heart ſympathizes with every misfortune, under which his people labour. His Majeſty is known to ſhudder whenever he ſigns a warrant for a felon's execution; and he not long ſince declared, that, "he never aſſented to a bill, praying for a divorce, but with an internal kind of reluctance."

It is not an eaſy taſk to decide, whether his Majeſty is moſt exemplary as a *father* or an *huſband*. Conſidered in the character of the latter, he is all ſoftneſs, all affection, all indulgence, and has a heart ſuſceptible of every domeſtic pleaſure. As a father, he is ſevere without being moroſe, familiar without at all relaxing his paternal authority, and affectionate without that weakneſs which makes youth but too preſuming.

His Majeſty takes laborious pains in the culture of his children's minds. He is truly ſenſible of the neceſſity of *bending the twig when young*, if we are deſirous of its having the proper ſhape ever after. When the King's other avocations, therefore, will permit him leiſure, he employs it uſually in giving his progeny ſuch inſtructions as their infant minds are capable of receiving: for his Majeſty has frequently obſerved that "it is chiefly owing to the parent if the children are devoid of proper principles."

It would be needleſs to recapitulate every minute occurrence, as we mean not to write an hiſtory of our Sovereign's life, but only to ſketch out his excellencies, for others to copy after, ſo truly an illuſtrious example. As, however, our readers may be ſolicitous to attend our monarch into his moſt private receſſes, we have endeavoured to procure every information which we thought might gratify their curioſity.

In winter his Majeſty uſually riſes betwixt ſix and ſeven, and retires to his devotions in a private apartment, where he continues near an hour. In ſummer his Majeſty ſeldom lies longer than ſix. After breakfaſt his Majeſty dreſſes, attends the public buſineſs, if any. Afterwards he has his children brought to him, and then retires to his ſtudy, to proſecute ſome new ingenious diſcovery, or attend to the converſation of ſome man of ſcience and knowledge.

The Queen generally ſpends the forenoon with her little ones, and as ſhe is to the laſt degree ingenious, ſhe is generally employed about drawing, or the moſt curious kind of needle-work, the latter of which is her favourite amuſement.

The King is remarkably temperate, ſeldom indulging himſelf in more than four glaſſes of wine at dinner, and a little wine and water at ſupper. The afternoon, if no ſtate affairs require his conſultation, his Majeſty ſpends in reading ſome favourite author to the Queen; who has given the beſt proof that ſhe thoroughly underſtands our language, by conceiving the greateſt attachment to Shakeſpeare's moſt eſteemed plays.

As his Majeſty was taught to ſpeak with all the graces of oratory, by the celebrated Quin, perſons who have had acceſs to his royal preſence declare, that the King reads and ſpeaks more like a profeſſor of eloquence than a Monarch, who might be ſuppoſed ſomewhat ſoftened with the luxury of a Court.

After ſupper his Majeſty and the Queen join in private devotions, and peruſing each ſome moral or religious author, they retire early to reſt.

Such is the life, ſuch the diſpoſitions of our amiable Sovereign. His Court is not filled with "Bacchus and noiſy revellers." It is not an Eaſtern Seraglio. It is the reſidence of virtue, ſcience, and religion. He is the father of a well-governed family; the fond, the affectionate huſband of the moſt meritorious Lady in the Britiſh dominions. Their days are ſpent in ſocial comforts, and each riſing morn they experience "high-flavoured joys" proceeding from heart-felt delight.

It is not poſſible to view this happy pair without becoming converts to Hymen, and praiſing the connubial ſtate in the language of Milton:

Hail wedded Love! myſterious law, true ſource
Of human offſpring, ſole propriety
In Paradiſe! of all things common elſe, &c. &c.

From the WHITEHALL EVENING-POST.

To the Keeper of the BUGLE INN, *in the* ISLE *of* WIGHT.

WIGHT is the Paradiſe of Britain's Iſle,
Where Health, Love, Plenty, moſt ſpontaneous ſmile;
Where bounteous Nature laviſhly beſtows
Tenfold thoſe Bleſſings which her England knows:
But tho' amidſt this Plenty, can you dare,
Preſumptuous Stranger, to expect good Fare?
No; the fat Hoſt that rules the horrid Sign,
Will give you woolly Mutton, Rat-gut Wine.

South-Carolina. *Public Treasury, April 27th, 1772.*

THE JUSTICES living and residing within the Parishes of *St. Philip* and *St. Michael, Charles-Town*, having, on EASTER-MONDAY, granted their CERTIFICATES to the under-mentioned Persons; they are hereby required to call at this Office, and take out their LICENCES, on or before the 15th of next Month, at farthest

HENRY PERONNEAU, } *Joint Public-Treasurers.*
BENJAMIN DART, }

Names.	*Places of Residence.*
AMOS, JAMES	Upon the Bay
Allen, Margaret	White Point
Adamson, Dorothy	King-street
Bohner, Godfried	Meeting-street
Burkmyer, John Daniel	King-street
Benfield, John	Elliott-street
Boudrot, Mary	Guignard-street
Blankenhorn, Henry	King-street
Butler, Sarah	Upon the Bay
Brennan, Eugene	Elliott-street
Blacklidge, Zachariah	Trott's-Point
Bull, Fenwicke	Upon the Bay
Byers, Robert	King-street
Bryan, John	King-street
Bishop, John	Upon the Bay
Beard, Joshua	Meeting-street
Brigs, Elizabeth	Meeting-street
Bagshaw, Thomas	Upon the Bay
Ball, Ann	Tradd-street
Calwell, Elizabeth	Dutch Town
Chauvet, Susannah	Meeting-street
Creighton, William	King-street
Cooke, Eleanor	On the Bay
Chappel, John	Queen-street
Caldwell, Rebecca	Bedon's-Alley
Cross, Samuel	King-street
Davis, William	Up the Path
Dickenson, Avis	Tradd-street
Davie, Ann	Chalmers's-Alley
Eustace, Thomas	King-street
Emerson, Joshua	King-street
Egan, Dennis	Up the Path
Edwards, Martha	On the Bay
Fisher, Ann	Dutch Town
Fittig, Barbara	King-street
Fardoe, Bridget	Union-street
Francis, Vincent	On the Bay
Farquhar, Robert	Tradd-street
Florin, Lucas	King-street
Fitzpatrick, William	Union-street
Fallows, James	On the Bay
Gruber, Christian	King-street
Golfhan, John	King-street
Graham, Elizabeth	Union-street
Gros, Catharine	King-street
Gilchrist, Elizabeth	Union-street
Harvey, Thomas	Market-Square
Harris, Thomas	Tradd-street
Hulme, William	On the Bay
Hatfield, Sarah	King-street
Hart, Joshua	On the Bay
Horn, Peter	King-street
Holliday, William	Broad-street
Heady, Susannah	Trott's-Point
Hawes, Ann	Up the Path
Kysell, Esther	King-street
Keller, Elizabeth	Queen-street
Khun, George	King-street
Lewis, Ann	Union-street
Lehre, Mary	Up the Path
Levy, Joseph	New-Market
Lochon, Mary	Guignard's-street
Mackenzie, Jane	Union-street
Mackenzie, Rebecca	Union-street
Myers, Albert	Meeting-street
Milbourn, Esther	Queen-street
Motte, Hannah	King-street
Murrell, Mary	Tradd-street
Nuffer, Herman	King-street
Powell, Joseph	Union-street
Patterson, Robert	Union-street
Prevati, Grace	Jenkins's Alley
Poinsett, Catharine	Elliott-street
Rutledge, Rebecca	Mulatto-Alley
Rantowle, Sarah	Queen-street
Rollison, Daniel	Trott's Point
Rutherford, Isabella	King-street
Ramsay, George	Bedon's-Alley
Robertson, Sarah	King-street
Rotwell, Mary	King-street
Saltridge, Lydia	Trott's Point
Swallow, Newman	On the Bay
Stirt, Elizabeth	Elliott-street
Sayler, Catharine	Gadsden's Alley
Smith, Isabella	Unity Alley
Stevens, Mary	On the Bay
Smith, Christian	Unity Alley
Shutterling, John	Union-street
Strother, Charles	On the Bay
Strother, Richard	Market Square
Sigwald, Christian	King-street
Sheets, Christopher	Meeting-street
Stewart, Margaret	Union-street
Sanks, Mary	Union-street
Swinton, Hugh	On the Bay
Taylor, Elizabath	Union-street
Tuke, Hannah	On the Bay
Thomson, Elizabeth	Church-street
Wallace, Catharine	Union-street
Watson, Catharine	Hampstead
White, Richard	King-street
Wall, Mary	Elliott-street
Young, Mary	Price's Alley

Charles-Town, October 24, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. TORRANS, & POAUG, of *Charles-Town*, Merchants, have assigned all their Debts and Effects to the Subscribers, in Trust, for paying out of the Money to arise therefrom, such of the Creditors of the said TORRANS & POAUG, as shall within Twelve Months from this Day, consent and agree to receive a Dividend of their Debts, in Average and Proportion, as far as the said Monny will extend, and thereupon to execute general Releases of their Demands, against the said TORRANS & POAUG.—Their other Creditors are excluded from any Share of the said Money: Therefore, those who are willing to accept Dividends upon the Terms above-mentioned, are desired to signify such Consent, and to transmit their Accounts, duly attested, within the Time above limited.

The Bill Creditors of the said TORRANS & POAUG, are desired to deliver in to the Assignees, such Bills of Exchange, as have been returned protested, in order that proper Steps may be pursued for their Recovery.

JACOB MOTTE,
WILLIAM LOGAN,
JOHN HUGER,
ALEXANDER MICHIE,
BENJAMIN HUGER,
ALEXANDER ROSE, } *Assignees.*

CARNE & POINSETT,

Have imported in the last Ships from LONDON,

A Very large and general Assortment of DRUGS, Chymical, Galenical, and Family MEDICINES.—Which they will dispose of on the most reasonable Terms, at their *Shop* in *Elliott-Street*.

ORDERS from the Country, punctually and expeditiously complied with, and proper Allowances made to Practitioners.

MANSELL & CORBETT,

Have imported in the Ship CAROLINA, *Capt.* MILES LOWLEY, *and in other late Vessels from* LONDON *and* BRISTOL,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
EUROPEAN *and* EAST-INDIA GOODS,

Most of which being bought of the Manufacturers on the very best Terms, by Mr. WALTER MANSELL, *(who resides in* England *for that purpose) will be sold very Cheap, especially for Cash, or short Credit, at their Store in* Tradd-Street,

Among which are the following ARTICLES,

A Very neat Assortment of the most fashionable broad cloths, with suitable trimmings; narrow cloths of most colours and prices; Bath coating, velvets, hair shags, and everlastings; plains, strouds, duffil blankets, bed blankets, and bed quilts; an assortment of handsome brocades; flowered and plain sattins; lutestrings and mantuas, taffaties and persians; bed furniture of a new taste, very fashionable in England, and never before imported; cotton furniture, and furniture checks; cottons, callicoes, and chints; flowered and plain lawns, muslins, gauzes, Marseilles quilting, and counterpanes, worsted and silk petticoats, cloaks, and cardinals; black feathers for ladies riding hats; japanned waiters, trays, bread baskets, and candlesticks; japanned and copper tea urns, ditto tea tables, and tea chests; yard wide and sheeting linens; table cloths, tabling linen, and towelling; marble slabs and mortars; smoke jacks; worsted epaulets for livery servants; velvet caps with tassels and bands; saddlery of all sorts; broad and narrow hoes; rice sieves; nails of all sorts; very neat fowling pieces and plantation guns; fifty very neat light muskets, with bayonets and slings complete, as cheap as can be imported; neat buckskin breeches; ironmongery, hard ware, workmens tools, pewter and tin ware; china and glass ware; perfumery, medicines; shot, gunpowder; pickles; tobacco; spices; feathers; carpets and carpeting, of different sorts; raisins, currants, almonds, double and single refined sugar; black pepper, mustard; porter in barrels; red port wine in bottles; garden seeds; hyson, green, and bohea tea; mattrasses; mens fashionable hats; a neat Italian chaise; paints of all sorts; distilled vinegar, and basket salt.

Keyser's PILLS, and *Moredant's* DROPS, may be had at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

To be, SOLD,
Or LETT upon Lease for a Term of Years,
By the SUBSCRIBER,

HIS valuable PLANTATION on WACCAMAW, containing eight Hundred Acres of Land, all old Purchase; about One-half which is as good rich Tide Swamp as any in the Province, partly cleared, and under good Banks.—The Buildings, being mostly new, are fixed on a pleasant Bluff upon the River, and consist of a Dwelling-House well-finished, two large Barns, Pounding Machine, and all necessary Out-Buildings.—The Plantation is in fine Order for a Crop, and may be entered on immediately: The Terms may be known by applying to Mr. JOSEPH ALLSTON, or

[6 m.] FRANCIS GODDARD.

To be LET, and may be entered upon Immediately:

A PLANTATION on ASHLEY RIVER, belonging to the Reverend Mr. *Martyn*, a very agreeable and elegant Summer Retreat, about Twelve Miles from Charles-Town, by Land or Water; the Road pleasant, and no Ferries to cross: There are on the Premises, a very good Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Stable, Coach-House, Overseer's House, two well contrived Aviaries, and every Building necessary on a FARM; also, a large Orchard and Garden, and Seventy Acres of Land cleared, and free from Stumps and Roots, fit either for Planting, Pasturage, or making Hay; though the Place is most proper for a Gentleman's Villa, yet its Vicinity to the Market and many other Advantages, would render it profitable, to an industrious Man. For Particulars, apply to ROBERT SMITH.

TO BE SOLD,

A Compleat NEGRO WAITING-BOY, who also understands the Management of Horses.—His present Owner having no Occasion for him, is the Reason of his being disposed of. Enquire of JACOB VALK.

To be SOLD,

A Tract of LAND on SANTEE River, containing about One Thousand ACRES of Tide Swamp, with sufficient Pine Land, convenient for four Settlements, being near the Sea, tis scarce ever affected by the Freshes, and never by Salt Water.

A Tract of Three Thousand ACRES, on PEDEE, called *Abercrombie's big Tract*, almost the whole of which is fine Indico Land, and indisputably the best Piece of Land on that River.

ALSO a TRACT on which Capt. SNOW lately lived, containing Eight Hundred Acres, being a most excellent Indico Plantation. Apply to

THOMAS LYNCH.

CHEAP LOTS.

MR. LOWNDES has divided the Front of his LANDS UP THE PATH, containing 2000 feet on the West side of the Broad-road into *LOTS* of *seventy-five* feet front on the said road, and *two hundred* feet in depth; which he will dispose of on very reasonable terms: And has settled a plan of division of the said land, so as give an entrance and communication, by various streets, to his *HOUSE* situate on part of the said land, very advantageously and ornamentally adapted.

THE SAID HOUSE

IS an Excellent good one, built of the best cypress and finished in a good taste; one acre of ground will be allotted to it, which will have the advanage of two fronts; and the house will, besides, face a wide street leading directly up to it from the broad road. This will be sold a great bargain, and the terms of payment made agreeable to the purchaser.

Several of the *LOTS* are already bespoke, and those who first apply will have the choice of what remain. Enquire of

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

NEWMAN SWALLOW,

Has for Sale at his Store on the Bay, near the old Vendue-House, for Cash or short Credit,

OLD Jamaica, Windward-Island, and Northward RUM by the Hogshead, Quarter-Cask, or smaller Quantity.—Old Madera WINE by the Quarter-Cask or Dozen.—Red Port, Claret, and Frontiniac WINES by the Dozen Bottles.—Arrack, Brandy, Geneva, Cherry Bounce, and White-Wine Vinegar. Best London Porter in Casks, and by the Dozen.—Coffee, Chocolate, and Bohea Tea.—Loaf and Muscovado Sugar.—Tamarinds, Sweet-Meats, Mustard, Glauber Salts, Starch, coarse and fine Salt, Mens fine and felt Hats, well cured Salt-petred Hams, Gammons and Flitches, ditto Northward Hams, superfine Philadelphia Flour in Kegs and half Barrels, Milk and Water Bread, imported in the last Vessels.—Raisins of the Sun, excellent West-India Cordials in Cases, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD, at PRIVATE SALE,

A PLANTATION at STONO, in *St. Paul's* Parish, within Eighteen Miles of Charles-Town, containing about One Thousand three Hundred and Fifty Acres, divided into two complete and valuable TRACTS, bounding to the East on the West Branch of *Stono* River, to the South on Land of Mr. Archibald Stanyarne, to the West on Land of Mr. James Stanyarne, to the North on Lands of the said James Stanyarne, Mr. Robert Rowand, and Charles Elliott, Esq.—Both the Swamp and High Land are of the best Quality, equal to any and superior to most in that Parish, being contiguous to the River.—The low Grounds may be drained, planted, and kept dry, when all others higher up the Swamp are overflowed.—The uncleared Swamp is well-stocked with excellent Cypress.—On one of the Tracts is a good Landing, that admits Boats of large Burthen within Half a Mile of the Barn and Rice Fields.—There are on said Tract, a new Rice Machine, all necessary Buildings, and a considerable Quantity of Swamp and High Land in proper Order for planting this Season.

Credit on Interest will be given, for any reasonable Number of Years. Persons desirous to know further Particulars relative to the said Land, or purchase both or either of the above Tracts, or Part of the above Plantation, divided in any other Manner, may apply to JOHN RUTLEDGE.

THE Subscriber has just imported, a great Variety of best superfine Broad Cloths, Bath Coating, &c. with suitable Trimmings.—His Customers may depend on having their Work faithfully done, and on the shortest Notice.

JOHN WARD, TAYLOR.

THE Masters of such Vessels as discharge their BALLAST at my Wharf, this CROP, may have their Water for filling, and if they load there, shall be charged no Wharfage. — GENTLEMEN who order their Crops there constantly may depend on never wanting STORAGE.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

EVAN JONES intending to depart the Province early in May next, in order to entitle himself to the Benefit of an Act of the General Assembly of this Province, commonly called the *Attachment Act*, GIVES NOTICE, That he is ready to appear, answer, or file Bail, to any Suit, Summons, or Process that may be issued or brought against him, in Terms of said Act. *April* 3, 1772.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

THE FOLLOWING

TRACTS OF LAND,

TWO HUNDRED ACRES, on the east side of Broad River, the only situation (within many miles) for a Grist-Mill, the country thereabout being very thick settled:—It is also a healthy spot, affording the greatest variety of agreeable prospects, and is equally good for Indico, &c.

One hundred and fifty ACRES, on the north side of Broad River; butting on land laid out to *John Hunt*, Esq; equal in quality to any lands thereabout.

Fifty ACRES, within Saxe-Gotha Township, upon a branch called Sandy Run; an exceeding good situation for a Mill.

Three hundred and fifty ACRES, between the Congaree and Wateree Rivers; bounded on lands originally granted to *Vincent Simmons*, *William Hart*, *Thomas Howell*, and *George Haig*, not inferior in quality to any land in those parts.

Two hundred ACRES, situated on the north side of the Congaree River, upon a branch called Cabbin Branch, adjoining to lands at present the property of *James Daniel*.

Two hundred and fifty acres of LAND, at the Ridge, upon Cloud's Creek; bounding to the south, on land originally granted to *John Carlin*.

One hundred and fifty acres of LAND, in the Fork between Broad and Saludy Rivers, on the south side of Collins's River.

All the above LANDS, were originally the property of *John Pearson*, Esq; who was a surveyor in this province, and a good judge of land; wherefore it is to be presumed, he would not take up any but the best, or situated for some particular advantage.

One thousand ACRES, on the Wateree River, all high river-swamp, not inferior to any land in the province; butting and bounding on lands laid out to Col. *Henry Hyrne*, and *Benjamin Elliott*, Esquire.

Three hundred acres of LAND, in St. Mark's Parish, Craven County, mostly swamp; granted to *Robert Knox*, and esteemed a very valuable Tract.

One hundred acres of LAND, in Craven County; bounded by land of *James Bowman*, originally granted to *Mathew Bowman*.

Five hundred and seventy-eight ACRES, in St. Bartholomew's Parish, on the head of Island Creek; bounded by land of *Mr. North*, and Mr. *Dandridge*.

The purchasers of the above TRACTS, may have twelve months credit, paying interest and giving security. Apply to JOHN WARD,
PETER LEGER.

To be SOLD, by public Outcry,

On Thursday the 21st of May, inst. by Messrs. Oats & Russel,

EIGHT NEGROES (some of them extraordinary good House-Carpenters) being Part of the Personal Estate of Mr. JAMES GORDON, deceased.——The Condition of the Sale is, Credit to the First of January 1773, paying Interest, and giving such Security as shall be approved of, by

MARY GORDON, *Administratrix.*

ANDREW LORD,

HAVING Sold all his Stock of DRY GOODS, to Meſſrs. JOHN WOODBURY & PETER D, will be much obliged to his former Cuſtomers, to ue their Dealings with thoſe Gentlemen at the ſame STORE.

HN WOODBERRY,

AND

ETER LORD,

FORMS their Friends and the Public in neral, that they have entered into Copartnerſhip, under the Firm of

OODBERRY & LORD,

that they will be much obliged to the Friends of Mr. EW LORD, for the Continuance of their Favours, as re determined to ſell cheap, and will be very punctual cuting both Town and Country Orders.

B. They have beſt Bridport Canvas, and Engliſh Sail of all Numbers, to be ſold at Eight and an Half for CASH. [t. f.]

To be SOLD,

A Valuable Tract of LAND, on COOSAW-HATCHIE, adjoining the Lands late of Mr. *Elijah Prioleau*, containing two Thouſand Acres, one Half of which is extraordinary good Swamp, and a great Part of the reſt very rich high Land: the Country thereabouts has lately been very much improved, many conſiderable Settlements being formed, which has much encreaſed the Value of Lands:—A ſufficient Quantity of the high Land is cleared for planting Proviſions and making Settlements, on which Indigo was planted, and the good Quality aſcertained. Enquire of

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

MORO,

COVERS this Seaſon at THOMAS FERGUSON, Eſqr's. Plantation at *Speen Savannah*, upon the ſame Terms he did laſt Seaſon. Any Gentleman that ſent Mares laſt Year, that did not prove with Foal, may ſend them this Year gratis.

N. B. Good Care will be taken of the Mares. 6 w.

TO BE SOLD by the ſubſcriber, at PRIVATE SALE,

THE valuable tract of LAND on *Great Pedee* River, whereon he now lives; containing one thouſand and ninety acres, of which one hundred and ſeventy is cleared, and under fences, with good new buildings thereon, and eſteemed the beſt tract on the ſaid River.

ALSO, Twenty other tracts of LAND, part in North-Carolina, and part in this province, moſtly very good for the culture of Corn, Indico, Hemp, or Tobacco, and lying in a healthy part of the country. Any honeſt perſon may have one or two years credit, for any of the ſaid Lands, giving ſecurity if required, on receiving the titles; and may know the price of each tract, by applying in *Charles-Town*, to WILLIAM ANCRUM and AARON LOOCOCK, or on the premiſes, to

THOMAS WADE.

RUN-AWAY from JONATHAN BRYAN in *Georgia*, TWO NEGROES; one a likely young Fellow, Country born, named

CHARLES.

The other an elderly Fellow, named

FRANK,

and known in Charles-Town by the Name of

MACKENZIE's TOM.

Whoever takes them up, and delivers them to the Warden of Work-Houſe in Charles-Town, or to Mr. BRYAN in Georgia, ſhall have TEN POUNDS for each.—They are ſuppoſed to be in Charles-Town.

SUPPOSED to have loſt himſelf at the dividing road near ſerjeant *Campbell's*, on his way to my plantation at the *Congarees*, about the firſt of February laſt, a negro man, named

ROGER,

Who can ſpeak tolerable good Engliſh, and has been in this province eight or ten years; he lately belonged to Mrs. MARY BULL, of Prince William's pariſh, deceaſed. Any perſon who will deliver him to Col. WILLIAM THOMSON, at the *Congarees*, or to me in *Charles-Town*, ſhall be well rewarded.

MILES BREWTON.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber, a Negro Man named MAIDSTONE, about Forty-five Years old, lately purchaſed at the Sale of Mr. JAMES LE BAS Eſtate, at *Monck's Corner*. Whoever delivers him to the Warden of the Work-houſe in *Charles-Town*, ſhall receive a Reward of TWENTY POUNDS, with all reaſonable Charges, and the like Reward for Proof of his being harboured by Negroes, and ONE HUNDRED POUNDS if by white Perſons, to be paid on Conviction.

JAMES SINKLER.

To be SOLD, by private Contract,

MY HOUSE and LOT in KING-STREET, being One Hundred Feet in front, and Two Hundred in Depth, with all the Buildings thereon.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to JOHN MARLEY.

RUN AWAY from the Plantation of the late CHARLES LOWNDES, Eſq; near *Ferguſon's* Ferry, in *February* laſt, a Negro Woman, named AMEY, this Country born, pretty black, very ſenſible, and has a numerous Acquaintance thereabouts, and at *Gooſe-Creek*, where ſhe was bred:—She is about Thirty Years of Age, has been ſeen in Charles-Town, ſelling Things about the Streets, pretending to be a free Woman. TWENTY POUNDS Reward, will be given for apprehending her, and the utmoſt Rigour of the Law exerted in proſecuting thoſe, who harbour her, by

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Mr. EDWARD DEMPSEY, deceaſed, either by Bond, Book-Debt, or otherwiſe, are deſired to ſettle the ſame with the Subſcriber, as ſoon as poſſible:—And thoſe to whom the ſaid Eſtate is indebted, are requeſted to deliver in their Accompts, properly atteſted, to SAMUEL GREVILLE.

For SALE, by private CONTRACT,

A PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, in St. BARTHOLOMEW's Pariſh, containing 1039 Acres, butting and bounding on Lands of Doctor *Peter Spence*, the late *Thomas Melvin's*, *Thomas Roberts's*, and Eſtate of *William Middleton*, *James Poſtell's*, and *John Izard*, Eſqrs. about two Miles from JACKSONBOROUGH; as fit for Corn and Indico, as any Tract in the Province, and has a very fine Reſerve of Water, proper for Indico-making, which never dries:—Three Hundred and Twenty Acres thereof, choice Swamp; Two Hundred and Fifty of which, are Tupelo and Cypreſs Land, the major Part well-timbered with Cypreſs; the reſt ſure, good Rice Land, ſome Part thereof being an additional Purchaſe.—Thereon are, a good Dwelling-Houſe and Barn, with Brick Chimnies, Stables for ten Horſes, with a Carriage-Houſe that will hold three Carriages, and every other Building neceſſary upon a Plantation; the whole in good Order, and well fenced:—It's Paſture is not excelled by any. The Purchaſer may have a Year's Credit, paying Intereſt. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may treat with ROBERT WELLS, or

[t. f.] GODIN GUERARD.

Two ENGLISH HORSES,

BABRAHAM,

Got by BABRAHAM,

AND

LOFTY,

Got by SNAP,

WILL COVER this Seaſon at Mr. *Arthur Middleton's* Plantation, upon Aſhley River, each at TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS a Mare, and a DOLLAR to the Groom—The Mares will be well taken Care of, and thoſe which do not prove with Foal this Seaſon, may be ſent the next *gratis*. ISAAC WAGGETT, *Groom*.

N. B. The Horſes are as likely, and as high blooded as any in the Province, and neither of them will cover the next Seaſon under FIVE POUNDS STERLING.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber's Plantation, on St. Helena-Iſland, on the 26th of April laſt, a Negro Fellow, named MAY, this Country born; he is about five feet high, very ſtoutly made, and about Thirty-three Years of Age; he is well known in this Province, particularly at the back Cow-Pens, and ſuppoſed to be harboured at Mr. ABRAHAM WAIGHT's. A Reward of TWENTY POUNDS will be paid on the Delivery of the ſaid Run-away to me, or the Warden of the Work-Houſe in Charles-Town, and all reaſonable Charges. As he is an old Offender, he may not be eaſily taken, therefore I offer ONE HUNDRED POUNDS on the Delivery of his Head to me. If the ſaid Run-away, is harboured by any white Perſon, I offer FORTY POUNDS Reward, and if by a Negro TWENTY POUNDS, upon Conviction of the Offender. WILLIAM WAIGHT.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION at *Stono*, poſſeſſed formerly by Mrs. Penfold, containing Five Hundred Acres, adjoining Lands of Thomas Farr, ſenior, Archibald Stanyarne, and Joſeph Smith, Eſqrs. One Hundred Acres is good Rice Land, the Remainder fit for Indigo and Corn; there is, a good Dwelling-Houſe, Barn, and other convenient Buildings on the ſaid Plantation; and its Diſtance from Stono Landing, doth not exceed a Mile.—Whoever is inclinable to purchaſe the above Plantation, muſt apply to ALEXANDER HARVEY.

WENT off about the firſt of *December* laſt, from the Subſcriber's Plantation, on *Aſhepoo Great Swamp*, two NEGRO MEN, of the *Ebo* or *Calabar* Country, named SPRING and MAY:——They both had on white Negro Cloth Jackets, Breeches, and Robbins; neither of them could ſpeak much Engliſh. SPRING is a likely active Fellow, of a black Complexion, about 22 Years of Age, five Feet nine Inches high, with lively Eyes. MAY is a likely black Fellow, about 22 Years of Age, five Feet five Inches high, ſmall featured with a ſmall Beard on his Chin.

It is ſuſpected that the ſaid NEGROES are carried off by ſome Villains, about the *Saltketcher's*, and harboured or diſpoſed of in the back Country, or *Georgia*.

Whoever will deliver ſaid Negroes to the Subſciber in *Charles-Town*, or at his Plantation on *Aſhepoo*, ſhall receive a Reward of *Ten Dollars* for each, with all reaſonable Charges; and whoever will give information of their being harboured, ſhall receive, upon Conviction of the Offender, if a white Perſon, FIFTY POUNDS, and if by a Negro, TWENTY POUNDS, from

JOHN WARD.

THE Co-partnerſhip of DRAYTON & EDMANSON, Gunſmiths, being diſſolved by mutual Conſent, the Subſcriber (in whoſe Hands the Books of the ſaid Co-partnerſhip are lodged) requeſts the Favour of all thoſe any Wiſe indebted thereto, forthwith to diſcharge their reſpective Accompts, &c. to him, JOHN DRAYTON.

Who now carries on the Buſineſs by himſelf, at the old Shop, and will be much obliged to ſuch of the Cuſtomers of the late Co-partnerſhip, and all others who ſhall be pleaſed to employ him; and aſſures them, that their Work ſhall be faithfully done, with the quickeſt Diſpatch.

STRAYED or ſtolen from Beach-Hill, a dark bay HORSE, about thirteen Hands three Inches high, branded on the near Buttock T W.

Whoever will take up the ſaid Horſe, and deliver him to the Subſcriber in Charles-Town, ſhall be well rewarded.

MORTON WARING.

ROBERT SIMPSON, near the Twelve-mile Houſe, up the Path, informs me of two ſtrays, one a ſorrel horſe, with a white mane and tail, branded on the off ſhoulder B H. The other a dun coloured horſe, black mane and tail, alſo branded on the near buttock B H, about four years old each, having ſtrayed into his paſture. The owner or owners muſt prove their property, before

JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

STRAYED ſome Time ſince, out of the Road near Mr. *Poſtell's* Plantation, on this Side of Aſhepoo-Bridge, a dark bay HORSE, about fourteen Hands high, branded on the off Buttock G R; if he has any other Brand it is a 3 and an H.—Whoever delivers the above Horſe to the Subſcriber, or gives Information where he is, ſhall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS, from

SAMUEL GREVILLE.

PROPOSALS

FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

A MAP of the INTERIOR PARTS OF *NORTH-AMERICA*.

By THOMAS HUTCHINS, Lieutenant in His Majeſty's Royal American Regiment, and Engineer.

THIS MAP comprehends the whole Country that lies between the 36th and 47th degrees of latitude and the 79th and 94th degrees of longitude; in which the great rivers of Miſſiſippi and Ohio, with the numerous ſmaller ſtreams, which empty into them, as well as the Lakes Erie, Huron and Michigan, are accurately delineated; every conſiderable town of the various Indian Nations, who inhabit thoſe regions, with the extent of their reſpective claims, are alſo particularly pointed out.

This MAP contains an extent of more than eight hundred miles in length, and nearly ſeven hundred in breadth, which is not excelled, hardly equalled by any country on the face of the earth for its beauty and the fertility of its ſoil, and which muſt ſoon become a moſt important and very intereſting part of the Britiſh empire in America.—The Author aſſures the Public, that a great part of the country and moſt of the rivers and lakes are laid down from ſurveys, corrected by the obſervation of latitudes, carefully executed by himſelf, on the campaigns he had the honour of ſerving during the whole of the laſt war, and the department he has been conſtantly employed in ſince the final treaty with the weſtern and northern Indians in 1764.

This MAP, which is delineated on a ſcale of twenty miles to an inch, ſhall be neatly engraved, and accompanied with an analyſis, or a particular deſcription of the face of the country, its lakes, rivers, timber, ſoil and climate.—The whole to be ready for delivery as ſoon as the Subſcribers amount to a number adequate to defray the unavoidable expence of the publication.

As the Author has been particularly requeſted by a number of gentlemen to undertake and publiſh this MAP, and one hundred ſubſcribers are already engaged, he wiſhes, for the purpoſe of more ſpeedily accompliſhing the deſign (and as the work is meant and intended for the general benefit, and information of His Majeſty's good ſubjects) that thoſe in SOUTH-CAROLINA who may think proper to encourage it, will as ſoon as poſſible, ſend their names to the Printers of this Paper.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subſcriber, the 21ſt of March laſt, a ſmall likely cheſnut GELDING, ſeven Years old, has a Star in his Forehead, branded on the Shoulder and Buttock ſomething reſembling 3W; a Trotter, and has a Wart in one of his Ears. Any Perſon that will take up ſaid HORSE, and deliver him to me at my Plantation near WATBOO, will be paid FIVE POUNDS, by

ZACHARIAH VILLEPONTOUX, junior.

ABSENTED himſelf from his Maſter, *John Bayley*, Eſq; of Barbados (ſince deceaſed) a likely Barbadian NEGRO MAN, named MONDAY; he is about 23 or 24 Years of Age, black ſkin'd, about 5 Feet and an Half high, and has a Defect in his left Eye, occaſioned by a Blow:—He left the Iſland in an open Boat, with ſome Whites who went off for Debt; the ſaid Fellow is a Sailor by Calling. If he will return to his Maſter, *Thomas Wiltſhire*, Eſq; whoſe Property he now is, he ſhall be pardoned; and, whoever will ſecure, and ſend him to ALEXANDER ROSE, Eſq; ſhall receive *Fifty Pounds* Reward.

TOLLED before me, by *Nicholas Yon*, a black pyed ſteer, 5 years old, marked in the right ear with a crop, an upper and an under keel, and in the left ear with a ſlit underneath, branded W, and ſomething elſe not to be made out.

By *Adam Weſtone*, an iron grey gelding, with a long ſtar and ſnip, a grey tail, three white feet, about 13 hands and a half high, about 8 years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder O.

By *Henry Weſtone*, a yellow bay gelding, with ſome ſaddle ſpots, a natural pacer, about 14 hands high, ſeven years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder I, and mounting buttock R.

The owners of the ſaid ſtrays muſt prove their property at Orangeburgh, before LEWIS GOLSAN, J. P.

CHARLES-TOWN, MAY 2, 1772.

MISSIEURS THOMAS JERVEY, and WILLIAM MILLIGAN, having aſſigned all their Bonds, Notes, Book Debts, and other Effects, to us, the Subſcribers, in Truſt, for paying, out of the Monies ariſing therefrom, ſuch of their Creditors, as ſhall within Three Months from this Day, conſent and agree to receive a Dividend of their Demands, in Average and Proportion, as far as the ſaid Monies ſhall extend; thoſe therefore of their Creditors, that are or ſhall be willing to come in upon the Terms above-mentioned, are deſired to ſignify their Conſent, and tranſmit an Accompt of their Demands duly atteſted, within the Time preſcribed.—The Books of Accompts, &c. are in the Hands of *Daniel Bourdeaux*, at his Houſe in Tradd-Street, nearly oppoſite to John Savage's Stores, to whom, or to *Joſiah Smith*, jun. and any other Perſon they ſhall appoint to collect, all Perſons indebted to ſaid JERVEY & MILLIGAN, it is expected will make immediate Payment, and thereby prevent further Trouble and Expence.

ROGER SMITH,
SAMUEL LEGARE,
ALEXANDER CHISHOLME,
DANIEL BOURDEAUX,
JOSIAH SMITH, jun. } *Aſſignees.*

THE undermentioned STRAYS have been taken up and tolled before me by the following perſons, viz.

By *Mr. John Miles*, a cheſnut ſorrel mare, about 14 hands high, a few white hairs in her forehead, branded on the mounting buttock B-S; taken up by him at his range at Toogodo, where ſhe has kept for theſe three years paſt, no perſon in his neighbourhood claiming her.

By *Edward Wallace*, of Charles-Town Neck, a brown bay gelding, about 13 hands and a half high, a large blaze down his face, a blotched brand on the off ſhoulder, his back much galled, his ſides and breaſt bears the marks of old galls by traces.

By *Iſaac Verree*, a blackiſh brown or mouſe-coloured gelding, aged, about 13 hands and a half high, an old ſcar on his near thigh, his near hind foot and part of his hoof white, branded on the off buttock ſomething like W E, but his old hair not being ſhed, it cannot be ſufficiently diſtinguiſhed ſo as to be made out; taken up as a ſtray in the old fields near Aſhley ferry, where ſaid gelding has been upwards of twelve months paſt.

The owners may apply to, and prove their property in Charles-Town, before WILLIAM MASON, J. P.

STOLEN or ſtrayed, off Charles-Town Green, a black MARE, about thirteen Hands and a Half high, branded on the near Buttock or Shoulder O R. Whoever delivers the ſaid Mare to the Subſcriber in Charles-Town, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

PAUL PRITCHARD.

ATKINSON & SYKES,

At their Store near the NEW EXCHANGE,

Have imported in the CAROLINA MERCHANT, *Captain* WILLIAM MASKALL, *from* LONDON,

AN ASSORTMENT OF

European & East-India Goods,

CONSISTING of fashionable Silks, Taffaties, Persians, Chints, Callicoes, Book-Muslins, Ell and Yard-wide Cambricks, Table-Cloths; China in Setts and Pieces; Gold and Silver Embroidery; India Cotton, and Needles for Tombour Work; HOSIERY, both Cotton, Silk, and Thread, of various Sizes; Paris-Net Gauze, and white Silk bordered Gauze Handkerchiefs; Marseilles Cotting and Bed-Quilts; Osnabrugs; Bohea Tea, Loaf-Sugar, &c. &c.

Their Assortment for the Summer Season will be faithfully completed by the *Portland*, Captain *Wilson*, who is expected in two Weeks; Which, agreeable to their settled Plan of Business, will continue to be sold on the most reasonable Terms.

N. B. A few Half Pipes of three Years old Madera Wine, of excellent Quality—a few Puncheons of Jamaica Rum, and their general Stock of Northward Articles, continued to be sold as usual.

John Cox, & Stephen Prosser,

Having entered into CO-PARTNERSHIP,

Acquaint their Friends,

That they have opened STORE where the late Messrs. *Robert McCleod & Co.* lived at *Stony-Creek*,

AND HAVE AN

ASSORTMENT OF GOODS,

Suitable to the COUNTRY:

AMONG WHICH ARE,

GARLIX, Dowlas, Irish Linens, Sheeting Ditto, Checks, Holland Stripes, Cambrick, Clear Lawn, Pistol Ditto, printed Callicoes and Linens, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, black Barcelona Handkerchiefs and Cravats, Thread, Tape, Sewing Silk and Needles, Jeans, Sagathies, Russia Drab, Clouting Diaper and Table-Cloths, Padlocks, Worsted and Thread Hose, Men's and Women's Gloves, Bed-Cords, Copper Tea-Kettles, Spices of all Kinds, Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Plains, Flannel, Tobacco and Pipes, Men's Beaver Hats, Men's and Boy's Felt Ditto, Mustard, Hoes and Iron Pots, Stone Plates and Dishes, Men's and Women's Leather Shoes and Pumps, Women's Calimanco Ditto, Osnabrug, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, Salt, Rum, &c. &c.

JOHN WEBB,

At his Store near the NEW EXCHANGE,

Has received by the Captains COOMBES *and* MASKALL, *from* LONDON,

A GREAT VARIETY OF

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS:

WHICH

(With his LATE IMPORTATIONS)

Make his Assortment very complete; which he is determined to dispose of on the most MODERATE Terms.

Among other ARTICLES are,

A VARIETY of handsome (and of the newest Fashion) English and India plain and striped Taffaties and Persians; very neat India Chints, at 13*s.* per Piece—printed Ditto, from 5*l.* to 11*l.* per Piece, which are remarkably cheap, and very handsome; plain and flowered Muslins; Muslin Handkerchiefs, with white and coloured Silk Borders; flowered Lutestrings, 3-4ths striped and plain Mantuas, at 50*s.* per Yard, *Cash*; India Nankeens; blue and white, and red and white Copper-Plate Linens and Callicoes; brown Hollands; Diapers; 3-4th, 6-4th, and 8-4th Tabling Huckaback; Ravens Duck; dyed and white Russia Drabs;——An ASSORTMENT of Irish Linens, as cheap as any in the Province, being bought of the first Hands; Scotch and Irish Osnabrugs; coloured Persians, and white Ditto with Sattin Stripes, Silk Mozeens, and Bordetts, for Men's Waistcoats; Hose's London made Pumps; Dressing Tables, with Drawers; best Three-stranded Seine Twine; blue and white Thread Pavilion Gauze; Sagathies and Durants; buff and black Cassimires; dyed Jeans and Fustians; fine Yard and Ell-wide Cotton Loom Quilting for Ladies Petticoats; fine black Princes Stuff; Matrasses; Portmanteau Trunks; Pickles; Sweet-Oil, in Quart and Pint Bottles; Men's fashionable Hats; Hosiery, very cheap, with a Variety of other Articles usually imported.——Exceeding fine Hyson Tea, at 5*l.* 10*s.* per Pound; Oronoko Tobacco, at 12*s.* 6*d.* London Loaf-Sugar, at 5*s.* per Pound; with Jamaica and Barbados Rum; Wine; Muscovado Sugar; Salt, &c.

Those who are pleased to favour him with their Orders, may depend on being served on the best Terms, and with the greatest Assiduity.

ATKINSON & SYKES,

Have just imported in the Brigantine Charles-Town Packet, Samuel Wright *Master, from* PHILADELPHIA,

SUPERFINE FLOUR in Barrels and Half Barrels; Ship and Pilot BREAD; Milk, Water and Butter BISKET; sweet CYDER, and a few Hundred Bushels of INDIAN CORN, to be sold at their Store in Broad-Street, on the most reasonblest Terms.

ANCRUMS & CHIFFELLE,

Have imported in the UNION, *from* LONDON,

A neat Assortment of GOODS:

Amongst which are,

TWO very handsome fashionable Brocades, and a most beautiful white Sattin striped and figured Lutestring; very neat brocaded Shoes; black Sattin Ditto; red Morocco Leather Ditto;—A large Assortment of fashionable Ribbons;—A Variety of Glass Candlesticks; India Glass Shades; Pint Decanters, *&c. &c.*

THE Honourable the Court of Chancery, having lately decreed and ordered a Division of the personal Estate of THOMAS CORKER, late of *Charles-Town*, Merchant, deceased; the Subscriber, as Executor to the said Estate, *hereby gives Notice* to all and every Person, any Ways indebted to the said Estate, That they do make immediate Payment of their respective Debts; And if any Persons have lawful Demands on the said Estate, they are (for the last Time) required to bring them in, duly attested, that they may receive Payment, from JOSIAH SMITH, jun.

JUST IMPORTED,

By the SUBSCRIBER,

In the Ship ANN, *Captain* JAMES DUNCAN, *and other Vessels lately arrived from* LONDON *and* BRISTOL,

An ASSORTMENT of GOODS:

Whereof the following are Part, viz.

PRINTED Lawns, Cottons, Callicoes, and Linens, Copper-plates; Long and Clear Lawns; Cambricks; 6-4th and Yard-wide Muslins; Humhums; white Callicoes; 10-4, 8-4 and 6-4th Huckabacks; corded and figured Dimities; plain and figured Modes; Sarsenets; plain and striped Indi- Persians; Bombazeens; Silk Ginghams; Barcelona, Gauze, and other Handkerchiefs; plain, striped, and figured Pavilion Gauze; English and Flanders Bed-Ticks and Bunts; Damask and Diaper Table-Cloths; Towelling and Clouting Ditto; Platilloes; Britanniss; Pistol-Lawns; Nankeens; Duroys; Sagathies; Thicksets; Tammies; Durants; Calimancoes; Shalloons; white and coloured Russia Drab; brown Holland;—An Assortment of 7-8th and Yard-wide Linens, from 10*s.* to 40*s.* per Yard;—An Assortment of most Kinds of Thread; Sewing Silk, and neat and fashionable Ribbons; Dressing and other Looking-Glasses; Silver, Pinchbeck, and Taylors Thimbles; Brooms and Brushes;—An Assortment of Knives and Forks, and other Cutlery; Women's Fans, Gloves, and Masks; Silk Umbrellas; Bohea-Tea; Single-refined Sugar; Writing Paper; Wafers and Sealing-Wax;—A Variety of Beaver, Castor, and Felt Hats; Broad Hoes; Falling and Broad Axes; Spades, and most other Plantation Tools; 40*d.* 30*d.* 20*d.* 10*d.* 6*d.* 5*d.* 4*d.* and 3*d.* Nails; Brads; Tacks; Bullens; Coffin Furniture; Linseed Oil; Glue, and Paints; good strong Vinegar; Florence Oil, and Spices;—An Assortment of Family Medicines, among which are, *Keyser's* and *Speedman's* Pills; with a small Collection of Books, treating chiefly on Health, and the Cure of Diseases, wrote by some of the most eminent Physicians: Which, together with a Variety of other Articles, he will dispose of on the most REASONABLE TERMS, at his Store near *Ashepoo-Bridge*.

St. Bartholomew's Parish, April 28, 1772. } *James Bolton.*

STUKES

HATH IMPORTED,

In the Ship CAROLINA MERCHANT, *Capt.* MASKAL, *from* LONDON,

The following ARTICLES;

Which, with those imported by the Ship LONDON, *Captain* CURLING, *make a* COMPLETE ASSORTMENT *of*

European & East-India Goods,

SUITABLE TO THE PRESENT SEASON,

Which he will sell *extraordinary cheap* for CASH, or on SHORT CREDIT, at his Store in *King-street*, near *Broad-street*:

THree-quarters Irish Linens,
Seven-eights ditto,
Yard-wide ditto,
Nine-eights Irish Sheeting,
Garlix, Long Lawns,
Minionet Lawns, Cambricks,
Huckabacks, clouting Diapers,
Yard-wide Jackonet Muslins,
Five-quarters wide ditto,
Six-quarters wide Muslins,
Five-quarters wide Check ditto,
Muslin Handkerchiefs,
Yard-wide Book Muslins,
Six-quarters wide ditto,
Printed Callicoes,
Ditto bordered Petticoats,
Blue and white Pocket Handkerchiefs,
Red and white ditto,
India Silk ditto,
Fine white Humhums for Gowns
Black Mantua,
Crow-coloured ditto,
Persians of all Colours,
Sarsenets, Modes and Sattins,
Beautiful coloured rich Mantuas of the newest Fashions,
Silk Lorettoes for Mens Waistcoats,
Cotton Hollands, flowered Dimity,
Fine white Stay-Tick,
Wove Lawn Aprons,
Needle-work ditto,
Velvet Collars of all Sorts,
Womens white Silk Mitts,
Black ditto,
White Gloves,
Black Patent ditto,
Womens Silk Stockings,
Cotton ditto,
Bath Steel-top Thimbles,
Silver ditto,
Scissar Chains,
Boys Watches,
Mens brown Thread Hose,
Ditto white and coloured.
Ditto Mens white spun Silk,
Ditto marbled and figured,
Mens and Boys Felt Hats,
Ditto natural-coloured ditto,
Youths fashionable Fan-Tail Hats,
Ditto Whimseys,
Mens Fan-tail Hats, new Fashion,
Ditto natural-coloured,
Ditto Nivernois,
Poland Starch,
Ladies and Gentlemens Pocket-Books,
Four Sheet MAPS of the World,
Ditto of Asia and Africa,
Black Pepper,
Nutmeg,
Cinnamon,
Cloves and Mace,
Small Fig Blue,
Salt Petre,
Hair Powder,
Curious Pictures,
Paper Cases, and
Paper of all Sorts.

N. B. *A YOUTH of about* 14 *Years old, of a reputable Family, of a good Disposition, and can write a good Hand, is wanted as an APPRENTICE.*

JUST IMPORTED,

Bohea, Green, & Hyson Tea,

Chosen by a good Judge from a very large Quantity, and are of an *extra* QUALITY:

WHICH,

WITH A VARIETY OF

Manchester and Linen ARTICLES,

Will be sold CHEAP, especially for *Cash*, and when a Quantity is taken to sell again.

Hawkins, Petrie, & Co.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the RESIDENTS and NON-RESIDENTS who are possessed of Lands, Slaves, and Monies at Interest in the Parish of *St. James, Santee*, that they are assessed One Shilling and Six-pence for every Slave, One Shilling and Six-pence for every Hundred Acres of Land, and Nine-pence for every Hundred Pounds at Interest; and that they do pay the same on or before the first Tuesday in June next, to either of us.

April 20, 1772. WILLIAM CHICKEN, } Church-
LEWIS NILES, } Wardens.

TO BE SOLD,

A Middle aged NEGRO WENCH, who is an excellent Cook, can do any Kind of made Dishes, Pastry, &c. also washes, and gets up Linnen with the greatest Nicety; her Daughter, a Mulatto about six Years old, may be sold with her.—Enquire of the Printer.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF

BAMPFEILD & OWEN,

Expired the First INSTANT:

THEY request all those indebted to them, to settle to their Satisfaction, by the first of *July* next; and will be obliged to their Friends for their Custom to

JOHN OWEN, & Comp.

The present Firm of the House.

ROBERTS & TAYLOR

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

A handsome London-made Riding-Chaise;

WHICH will be sold very cheap for *Cash* or *short Credit*:—Likewise, Womens black Calimanco, Brocade and Satin PUMPS;—Childrens red and black Leather ditto;—broad Hoes and Rice Sieves;—a Quantity of OSNABRUGS, IRISH and CHECK LINEN, bought remarkable cheap, will be sold at NINE for ONE, Cash.

MARY GRIFFITH,

Four Doors from Mr. *Wainwright's* in *King-Street*,

Has imported in the Carolina Merchant, *Captain* Maskall,

A LARGE Assortment of FAN MOUNTS of the newest Fashion, of various Colours, and most beautiful Patterns; also, carved and painted Ivory Fan Sticks, and every Material belonging to the FAN-TRADE, Net Hoods, Silk Purses, &c.—Blonds and Gauzes cleaned in the French Method, to look like new, and all Kinds of Foreign and Minionet Laces.

TO BE LET,

(And may be entered immediately,)

A NEAT convenient TENEMENT, in *Guignard's* Street, situated between Mrs. SIMPSON's, and Mr. WILLIAM GRAHAM.——For Particulars, enquire of Messrs. HALL & SMITH, or

ISAAC MOTTE.

For PHILADELPHIA,

THE BRIGANTINE

FRIENDSHIP,

JOSEPH BLEWER, Master.

HAS good Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail with all convenient Speed.—For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master on Board, at the Market Wharf, or

DANIEL & ISAAC BOURDEAUX.

Exceeding fine WHITE FLINT CORN to be sold on Board the said Vessel.—Apply as above.

For BRISTOL,

(Will be ready to sail by the 15*th Instant)*

THE SHIP

GOVERNOR-WRIGHT,

THOMAS HALL, MASTER.

SHE has good Accommodations for Passengers.—Any inclined to go, may apply to Capt. HALL on *Eveleigh's* Wharf.

TO BE LET,

(And may be entered on the 1*st of* July *next,)*

THAT agreeably situated and very convenient HOUSE in *Ansonburgh*, at present occupied by DAVID GUERARD, Esquire.——For Terms, enquire of

TIMOTHY CROSBY.

For PORTUGAL, *or* COWES, *and a* MARKET,

THE SHIP

TRUMAN,

JOSHUA SHEPHEARD, Master.

BURTHEN about Eight Hundred and Fifty Barrels of RICE, will be ready to take on board in Ten Days:—Has Part of her Cargo already engaged.——For Freight of the Remainder, apply to POWELL, HOPTON, & Co.

JOHN JAMES,

AT HIS STORE ON ROWAND's WHARF,

Has just imported in the Brigt. CHARLES-TOWN PACKET, SAMUEL WRIGHT *Master, from* PHILADELPHIA,

LEWIS's superfine FLOUR in Barrels, Half Barrels and Kegs; Hopkins's Milk, Butter and Water Bread, Ship Bread; salt-petred Hams; Horse Collars and Hames; INDIAN CORN; Cyder; Cyder-Royal; Double and Single Beer, in Barrels and Half Barrels; Boxes of Mustard; some very neat round Top and high Back WINDSOR-CHAIRS, *&c. &c.*

Exceeding good Madera Wine,

Muscovado Sugar, Jamaica and West-India Rum, to be sold by

THOMAS EVELEIGH.

ABNER BISHOP tolled before me, the 7th Day of February last, a stray brinded COW, branded on the near hind Quarter IB, and marked with a Crop and Slit in each Ear: And also a stray Steer Yearling, with the said Cow, marked with a Crop and Hole in the right Ear, and a Crop and Slit in the left. The Owner must prove his Property before

JAMES FORD, J. P.

Charles-Town: Printed by POWELL, HUGHES, & Co. at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.